FOR CYCLES
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WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR B. M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 257 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

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O. S. K. LINE
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer	Captain	Arrival	Departure
"Burma Maru"	A. Kobayashi	17th Oct.	3rd Nov
"Himalaya Maru"	G. Matsuzaki	8th Nov.	18th Nov.
"Indo Maru"	S. Kametaka	13th Nov.	23rd Nov
"Sumatra Maru"	K. Takahashi	27th Nov.	7th Dec

For Freight and passages, etc. apply to
K. SHIMA,
P. O. Box No. 2155. Manager,
Wallace Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England).
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
4th November ..	KASHMIR	8,841
11th ,, ..	MANTUA x	10,902
18th ,, ..	MOREA	10,911
28th ,, ..	MALWA	10,941
2nd December ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
9th ,, ..	NARKUNDA *	16,227
16th ,, ..	CALEDONIA	7,622
23rd ,, ..	KARMALA x	9,098
30th ,, ..	KHIVA	9,097
1923		
6th January ..	MOLDAVIA*	15,100
13th ,, ..	CHINA	7,952
20th ,, ..	MANTUA	10,902
27th ,, ..	NALDERA	15,825
3rd February ..	MALWA	10,941
10th ,, ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
17th ,, ..	DONGOLA	8083
24th ,, ..	MACEDONIA*	11,089

*Through steamers from Australia. Have only limited accommodation for passengers from India.
x Through steamers from China.

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Bologne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
To Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
1922.		
7th November ..	MALDA	8,964
24th ,, ..	NEVASA	9,071
8th December ..	MATIANA	8,000
22nd ,, ..	MULBERA	9,100
1923		
5th January ..	MASHOBRA	8,324
19th ,, ..	* NAGINA	....
2nd February ..	* GAMARIA	....
16th ,, ..	* A Steamer	....

* Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers

SAILINGS TO STRAITS & CHINA.

About 1st November	KASHGAR	
17 Nov.	SICILIA	
15th December	MACEDONIA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nellore.
28th ,, 1923	SOUDAN	
12th January	MOREA	Connects at Colombo with s.s. Kalyan.
22nd ,,	SICILIA	
9th February	NARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Khyber.
28th Feb.	SOUDAN...	

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
24th November..	NALDERA	15,825
15th December ..	MACEDONIA	11,089
1923.		
12th January ..	MOREA	10,911
9th February ..	NARKUNDA	16,227

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	Destination.
30th October ..	VITA ..	Karachi via Coast
2nd Novr. ..	KAROA ..	East & S. Africa
2nd ,, ..	BARALA	P. Gulf viaKarachi
3rd ,, ..	VARSOVA	Busreh via Karachi.
3rd ,, ..	NAVASA	Karachi direct
4th ,, ..	LINGA ..	Karachi Coasting

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with
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Telephone No. 1188.

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N.Y.K. LINE.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Regular Service to Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Dep.
Sanuki Maru ..	I. Nirei	5,872	13 Oct.	28 Oct.
Awa Maru ..	J. Saito	6,028	24 Oct.	10 Nov.
Tamba Maru ..	N. Wada	5,875	13 Nov.	25 Nov.
Moji Maru ..	Y. Tomioka	3,757	27 Nov.	11 Dec.
Wakasa Maru ..	M. Goto	6,074	14 Dec.	26 Dec.
Kamakura Maru	J. Fujisawa	5 829	27 Dec.	10 Jan.

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Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma sailing at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S. S. "Jalaputra" ..	6210	October 1922.
S. S. "Jalavijaya" ..	7250	October 1922.
S. S. "Jalataranga" ..	4257	October 1922

For freight and other particulars apply to
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA
SUB-BRANCHES.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:
BANK STREET.
BYCULLA—Opposite Parsi Statue.
MANDVI—Abdul Rahman Street.
SANDHURST ROAD—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to any one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application at the Bank.
A. W. MARSHALL,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

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(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established 1863.
Authorised Capital ..... Fl. 60,000,000 about £5,000,000
Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund Fl. 75,000,000 about £6,250,000
HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland),
SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.
EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA,
BRANCHES.
DUTCH EAST BRANCHES:

Ampenan	Palembang
Bandeong	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Problinggo
Gorantolo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabaia
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS;—Singapore.
CHINA and JAPAN:—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.
BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.
LONDON BANKERS:—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation, Williams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.
PARIS BANKERS:—Guaranty Trust Company, of New York.
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BOMBAY OFFICE.
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Agency	Hongkong	Rangoon
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Canton.	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
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Colombo.	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Dairen	Manila	Tientsin
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Paid up Capital and Reserves ..... Rs. 2,43,69,957-8-0.
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... Rs. 5,25,46,567-8-0.
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Bandoeng	Padang	Tebing Tinggi
Cheribon	Palembang	(Delhi)
Djember	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djocja.	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Kota Radja	Samarang	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Soerabaia	Weltevreden
Macassar		

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—Singapore, Penang.
BRITISH INDIA.—Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
JAPAN:—Kobe.
CHINA:—Shanghai, Hongkong.
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SUBSCRIBED	,, ...	,, 11,86,84,250
PAID-UP	,, ...	,, 1,18,68,425
TOTAL FUNDS	,, ...	,, 1,57,15,436

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Branch:—Sandhurst Road, GIRGAUM.

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Nerve Force——
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A

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A R5280

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A C 14699

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A 5307

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Graduated Biochemist,
N. 1, Cantonment Road,
LUCKNOW, U. P.

N. B.—Only Europeans and Educated Indians are admitted. 14401

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA.

IT has now been arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY. It never fails. Write for it at once, per V. P. P. for As 8 to meet the cost of its transmission, to

PANDIT KRIPARAM,
8, Nandibagan Lane, P. O. Salkhia,
(HOWRAH).

P.S.—Pandit Kriparam's deeply interesting volume on Leprosy at Rs 8 per copy V. P. P. Charges As. 5.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WANTED.

THE following Auditors are required for Audit Department of the State:—
(1). One Auditor to audit P. W. D. and Canal accounts.
(2). One Auditor to audit accounts pertaining to Factories, Electric Deptt. and Police, etc.
(3). One Auditor to audit Household and Karkhanas accounts.
(4). One Auditor to examine account offices and other miscellaneous accounts.

Only those who have passed accountancy or have experience in P. W. D. or Accountant General's Office need apply. Knowledge of Urdu essential. Starting pay Rs. 75 per mensem.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY,
Rampur State U. P.
C14657

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S.S. "Awa Maru" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 28th October from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for countersignature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyor's, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

Manager, NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE MALABAR TIMBER CO., LTD.

THE REGISTERED OFFICE of the above Company will be REMOVED from 23, Medows Street, to 2, Rampart Row (E.D. Sassoon Building), Third Floor, from WEDNESDAY, 1st of November, 1922.
C14719

NOTICE.

Owing to the death of Jiyalal, we have changed the old name of our shop "Jiyalal Premlal" into "Prem Lal Atmaram."

Proprietor.
ATMARAM SAO.
Shop keeper, Bhandara. C. P. S.
R. 5311.

NOTICE.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

OUR clients Messrs. BIRLA BROTHERS LTD., have lost the undermentioned 4 Currency Notes of Rs. 1,000 each. The Public are therefore hereby warned against negotiating or dealing with the said Notes. Any person finding out the Notes and returning them to our clients at their office in Church Gate Street, above Mongini Bros. or to us as their attorneys in our office will be handmely rewarded by our clients.

PARTICULARS OF NOTES.

S. D./73 27633, 50791, 31102, 07002.

MADHAVJI AND CO.
Attorneys for Messrs. Birla Brothers Ltd.
Dated this 30th day of October 1922.
C. 14722.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Morarjee Gokuldas Hall, Kalbadevi, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 31st day of October, 922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1922.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ruvashanker Jagjivan Zaveri as Director.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Wadchand Hirachand who retires by rotation, but being eligible, offers himself for re-election under Art. 97 of the Articles of the Association.
5. To elect a Director in place of Mr. [illegible] who retires by rotation under Art. [illegible] of the Articles of Association.
6. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th October to 22nd November, 1922, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Managing Agents.

Ismail Buildings, Fort,
Bombay, 16th October, 1922.

N. B.—The dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Office of the Company, Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on and after the 18th December, 1922 to those shareholders, whose names stand on the register of the Company on the 24th October, 1922, to whom dividend warrants will be posted.
C14629

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., will be held, at the Morarjee Goculdas Hall, Kalbadevi, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 31st day of October, 1922, just after the General Meeting of the Company which is convened at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) the same day at the above place is over when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolution, viz:—

"That in the Article 142, in the lines 4 and 5, instead of the words "not more than 4 months before the Meeting," the words "not more than 6 months before the Meeting" be substituted.

Should the above Resolution be passed by the required majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting which will be held on Saturday the 18th day of November, 1922, at the Morarjee Goculdas Hall, Kalbadevi, Bombay, at 4 p.m. (S. T.).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Managing Agents.

Ismail Buildings, Fort,
Bombay, 16th October, 1922
C14630

NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby announces to the public that his wife Charlotte Milicent Keenan, has of her own accord and without his consent or knowledge left his home and protection along with the children on the 14th of August 22, under these circumstances, the undersigned hereby warns the public, that he will not be responsible or liable to pay up any debts or loans incurred by her, nor to pay for any purchases made by her on credit, either for herself or for the children and any one dealing with her will do so, will have no remedies against the undersigned for any such transactions.

H. KEENAN.
Kamptee Road, Nagpur.
R. 5312.

LEGAL NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the FIFTH SESSIONS of 1922 of OOYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House on MONDAY, the 20th November, 1922 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and Oppressions, had, done or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas and all murders crimes or offences had, done or committed by any of our native Indian subjects within the dominions and the territories of the Shah of Persia to which the provisions of the Persian Order in Council 1889 are applicable.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions ,or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in thot behalf appertain to be done.

Dated this 25th day of October, 1922.
MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
C14702

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HATIMBHAI GOOLAM HOOSEIN and KHAN BAHADUR MAHOMEDALI ABDOOL KADER, both of Bombay Borah Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our clients the land hereditaments and premises described in the schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claims or demands upon or to the said land hereditaments and premises or any part thereof either by way of trust, inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned as the Purchasers' Attorneys at their Office No. 35, Medow Street, Fort, or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece of Fazendari land situate at Nagdevi Street, in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 229 square yards or thereabouts together with the tenement or building standing thereon and bearing New Survey No. 2073 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward B Ward No. 366, Street Nos. 301, 303, Nagdevi Street and are bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by a sweeper's passage on or towards the West by the Nagdevi Street on or towards the South by the property of Dr. Essabhai Abdulhussein and on of towards the North by the property belonging to the Musjid belonging to Miya Ismail Hakim.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1922.
NANU HORMUSJI & CO.,
C14718 Purchasers' Attorneys.

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

OF INTEREST TO STEAMSHIP COMPANIES AND NATIVE STATES HAVING HARBOURS.

AUCTION SALE OF S. S. "DESHULPUR" On MONDAY, the 6th November, 1922, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 25, Medows Street Fort Bombay, by order of the mortgagee in possession and on account and at the risk of The Cutch Steam Navigation Company Limited.

The well-known steamer Deshulpur at present lying at Mazagaon Dock, Bombay.

DESCRIPTION—The Steamer was built at Renfrew by the wellknown firm of engineers Messrs. William Simons & Co., Ltd., only about three years back having a gross tonnage of 766 tons approximately. It has got two decks, two masts also steel frame-work and is fitted with Simon's engines and Babcock's boilers. Inspection of the steamer can be arranged on application to the Auctioneers. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AND SWEEPING AT WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT, G. I. P. RY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Ry. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Ry. Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction To-day, TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the above address the following unclaimed goods and sweeping consisting of bags of cotton seed, bags of Jwari bags of kardi, bags of wheat, bags of linseed bags of till seed, bags of toor, bags of dal, bags of rice, bags of hirda, bags of mixed grain, bags of turmeric, bags of dry cocoanuts, cases of Bangles, bales of twist, bales of C. P. goods, cases of books, bales of gunny bags, bags of Twine, cases of nails, empty cylinder, bags of sugar, bags of jogree, bags of salt, bales of iron pipes, bales of iron bars case of tea, bundles of C. I. sheets, wooden windows, bundles of hemp ropes, cask of oil, case of card board, bags of betel nuts, bags of kanker, cases of glass, bags of coir rope, tins of oil, etc., etc.

Cash will be required for all lots worth upto Rs. 100 and above that a deposit of 50 per cent. will be required; however in special lots if the Auctioneers demand full amount shall have to be paid, and the goods to be removed within 10 days from the date of sale otherwise wharfage will be charged at one anna per maund per day.

MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 31st October, 1922.

AUCTION SALE

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
20 Apollo Street,
Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 CASES WHITE SATTEEN DRILLS.

Suit No. 451 of 1922.

PUDUMSEY MUNJI Plaintiff
vs.
DORABJI WARDEN & Co. Defendants.

Pursuant to the decree passed in the High Court in the above suit, and with the consent of the defendants by order of Messrs. Pudumsey Munji and on account and at the risk of the defendants abovenamed Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Apollo Street Fort, on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of November, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) the undermentioned goods.

D. W. 1652 & Co. No. 5697/570 5 Cases White Satteen Drills.

Terms Deposit 25 per cent. and delivery within 6 days.

AUCTION SALE OF 18 CASES COTTON TRONSERNINGS

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Suit No. 1532 of 1922.

B. G. Gorio Plaintiffs.
vs.
D. Ghellabhoy & Co. Defendants.

Under instructions of Mr. B. G. Gorio the Receiver appointed by the Decree of the 9th day of August 1922 of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in the above suit and on account and at the risk of the Defendants D. Ghellabhoy & Co., Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. will on Wednesday the 1st day of November 1922 at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Apollo Street, Fort.

18 cases cotton trouserings as under:—
B. G. 1789 made in Italy.—No. 2864/5—2 cases Adriatico Extra.
B G 1779 made in Italy—No. 2811/5—5 cases shikari "B".
B G 1788 made in Italy—No. 2862—1 case Mouline 45.
B G 1781 made in Italy—No. 2823—1 case Lanciery 128.
B G 1787 made in Italy—No. 2857—1 case Lanciery 128.
B G 1784 made in Italy—No. 2842/4—3 cases Mouline 45.
B G 1785 made in Italy—No. 2851/2—2 cases Adriatico Extra.
B G 1783 made in Italy—No. 2833—1 case Rubicone.
B G 1780 made in Italy—No. 2819/20—2 cases Goito.

Terms:—Deposit 25 per cent. and delivery within 6 days.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON SATURDAY, 4TH NOVEMBER, 1922, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 4th day of November, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the "Retreat" near the Colaba Post Office and opposite the Colaba Church, Middle Colaba, very valuable teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, etc., (some pieces by John Roberts), comprising sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meatsafes, rich glass, porcelain and platedware, marble and plain topped tables, fancy tetapoys, rich carpets, velvet and tapestry lined drawing room suites, carved blackwood sideboard, pier tables, upholstered Chesterfield sofas, easy chairs, handsome hall cabinets rich pictures, single and double bedsteads, [illegible] table top dressing and wash-hand tables, mirror and panel door almirahs, roll top office table, revolving book stands, Singer's sewing machine, etc etc.

The property of M. A. Hayeem, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the date of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 31st October, 1922.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 4921.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10-30 A.M.

AUCTION SALE of household furniture dining table, sideboad, Chapel's piano, platedware, etc., etc.

On SUNDAY, the 5th November 1922, at No. 22 Colaba Chambers, Colaba at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MISTRY and Co., will sell by Public Auction furniture, comprising of dining table, dining room, chairs, sideboards and dining Waggon tea tables, drawing room cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, jardiniers Chapel's cottage piano. English steel cash box, fancy writing tables and revolving bookstands, silver showcases, ornament and pictures, hatstands, teapoys, file cabinet, season wood almirahs, clothes presses, dressing chest of drawers, and marble top washing tables, glassware, crowkeryware, and platedware, etc., etc.

The property of a gentleman proceeded Home and others.

Catalogues will be printed and property will be opened to view 4 days before sale.

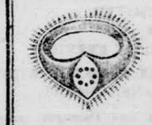
MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

BLUNT RAZORS AND SAFETY BLADES

RESHARPENED.

We resharpen razors at As. 8 each. New handles fitted Re. 1 each. Gillette, etc. blades re-edge Re. 1-2 doz.; under six As. 1 each. Post FREE. New Razors, blades, etc. stocked. Surgical Instruments repaired Electro-plating done. MATHEWS & CO. 29, Medows St., opp. Cornoglia, Bombay

RING OF EIGHT METAL



By wearing it acts as a mystic charm, cures all diseases loss of memory, strength of nervousness, increases vitality in abundance, bestows happiness, good luck and grand success in every respect. Trial solicited, One Re, 1-4; three, Re, 3-4, and a dozen Re, 12.

S. C. SEAL,
136, Upper Chitpore Road, CALCUTTA.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
J. C. WILLIAMSON LTD'S
GILBERT & SULLIVAN OPERA CO.
To-night at 9-30
Grand Farewell Performance
GRAND POT POURRI
of all the seasons's Greatest Successes.
Booking at MESSRS. S. ROSE & Co. Ltd.
CINEMA AT 6-30
Dorothy Dalton
in
Love Letters.

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
MADAN THEATRES, Ltd., presents
The Romance of a Society Girl
MARJORIE DAW
IN
"THE BUTTERFLY GIRL"
"THE BUTTERFLY GIRL"
"THE BUTTERFLY GIRL"
She was a beauty—a child of luxury—Her eyes were enticing. She wore clothes like a prima donna. She made men turn their heads, and she "turned men's heads". But one man read her real nature. Beneath her wings he found the true girl. See this Dramatic Romance! It lifts the veil from the care-free life of Society's younger set.
ALSO
"DAYS OF OLD"—Comic.

THE EMPRESS
TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
MADAN THEATRES' Own Production
"SATI"
OR
'DAKHSHA YAGNA'
A Story of the well-known Hindoo Mythology depicting the origin of the
MAHA KALI TEMPLE
OR
KALIGHAT
located on
The Heoghly River at Calcutta.

!! TO-NIGHT !!
ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRA-ORDINARY
IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
TWO MYTHOLOGICAL DRAMAS
PRODUCED BY
MADAN THEATRES, Ltd.
"BHISHMA
&
"PARIKHSHIT"
SEE—Tremendous sacrifices of BHISHMA for his father SHANTNU and his exploits to marry his brothers to the daughters of King of Kashi, also the Mahabharat War and the death of this great sage on the arrow-bed.
TIME & PRICE AS USUAL.

Under Public Patronage
Lakitkala Darsha Sangit Mandali
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSLE
will stage at the
"BOMBAY THEATRE" GRANT ROAD.
on
Wednes. 1st Nov. 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
RAKSHASI MAHTWAKANKSHA
Friday 3rd Nov. 1922 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
SATTECHE GULAM
Saturday 4th Nov. 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
SHAHA SHIWAJI
Sunday 5th Nov. 1922 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)
SATTECHE GULAM.
Proprietors.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H.H. THE
MAHARAJA SAYAJIRAO GAEKWAR OF BARODA
Gandharva Natak Mandali
will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Wednes. 1st November 1922. (8 p.m.) Night
EKACH PYALA
Friday 3rd November 1922 (2-30 p.m.) Noon
SWAYAMWAR
Saturday 4th November 1922 (8 p.m.) Night
MRICHHAKATIK
Sunday 5th November 1922 (2-30 p.m.) Noon
SAUBHADRA
TICKETS can be had at the New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road, Daily from 8 A. M. to 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. to 8 P. M. (S. T.)
Proprietor,—Gandharva Natak Mandali.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA

(SANDHURST ROAD.)

UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT

TO-DAY—5-15—7—8-45 and 10-15 p. m.—TO-DAY

Can The Dead Live Again?

"Can the dead live again?" the question that has been bothering laymen and scientists alike for centuries, is one of the many universally-interesting themes of "A Woman in Grey." the new fifteen episode mystery serial starring Arline Pretty and Henry G, Sell The picture will be the feature attraction at the Globe Cinema Theatre every day commencing 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-15p.m.

To outline that part of the story which deals with a second life for the dead would be to spoil the treat that this all absorbing picture will give to the audience of the Glove. However it is safe to say that A. M. Rey and C. N. Williamson, the authors of this story, have treated this subject in a most interesting manner and deal with an entirely new angle of it.

"A WOMAN IN GREY"

FIRST THREE EPISODES

I. HOUSE OF MYSTERY. II. DAGGER OF DEATH. III. TRAP OF STEEL.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN "EASY MONEY"

THE EMPRESS

NEXT SATURDAY

The World's Greatest thrill creator in a dramatic Story of New York's Harbour Life.

CHARLES HUTCHISON

THE Thrill-a-minute Stunt-King

in

"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"

▲ Pathe Serial

THIS WEEK

CINEMA MAJESTIC

PRESENTS

the beautiful picturization of the life Story of the greatest Mahrastra Bhakta

SANT NAMDEV

PRODUCE

by the famous

Hindoostan Cinema Film Co.

Possessed of a desire to realize the highest, Namdeva renounced every thing and by his exceptional devotion he performed miracles that mortals cannot.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE IT.

Popular Prices.

Timings 5-15; 7; 8-45; 10-30.

On Holidays Extra at 3-30.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

129, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 BALES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

Suit No. 1476 of 1922.

Messrs. David Sassoon & Co. Ltd.

vs.

Messrs. Cowasjee Framjee & Co.

Pursuant to the Consent order made by the High Court and under instructions from Mr. Edgar Lee, the Receiver appointed in the above suit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, the 31st instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

34 bales each 50 pieces white shirtings No. 705, 35 inches and 40 yards.

33 bales each 50 pieces white shirtings No. 805, 35 inches and 40 yards.

33 bales each 50 pieces white shirtings No. 905, 35 inches and 40 yards.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE GINNING AND PRESSING FACTORY AT KHAMGAM ZILLA BERAR C. P.

Under instructions from the owners of The New English Pressing and Ginning Factory, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on TUESDAY, the 31st inst. sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 4 Acres and 30 Gunthas or thereabouts situate at Khamgam Zilla Berar, Central Provinces, together with the buildings such as Ginning and Pressing factory,—Manager's Bungalow,—Engineers quarters, three chawls, Tanks, Workshop, etc., machinery such as, one full Press Hydro and finisher, 40 Platt Brothers' Gins, two Engines, two boilers 20 x 6 and 30 x 7 of 100 and 110 pressure, pump engine and other useful machinery in the factory, bounded on the North public Road to cotton market on the south, land belonging to the New Empress Ginning and Pressing Co. on the East, Road to public Tank, on the west, road to the Empress Ginning Factory.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jehangir Mehta and Somji, Attorney for the Vendor or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 250 BAGS MAURITIUS CRSYTAL SUGAR.

Under instructions from Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 14th proximo, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the shop of Mr. Kisanchand Ratanlal at Khand Bazar on account and risk of Mr. Jivabhai Heeralal.

250 bags Mauritius Crystal Sugar ex. S. S. "Acera."

The above bags are lying at B. P. T. Bonded Warehouse.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT BHIMADI.

Under instructions from N. H. M[illegible], Esq., Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1005 of 1922 (Luximbai vs. Sahaboo), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 16th proximo at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

All that piece or parcel of unsurveyed Gothan land or ground on the road leading to Nizampura, Bhimadi, with a chawl of 13 compartments admeasuring from East to West 104½ feet and from North to South 19 feet bearing Municipal No. 67, on the Southern side there is a vacant piece of land admeasuring from East to West 104½ feet and from North to South 40 feet and bounded on the East by the chawl of Ghanmatkel, on or towards the West by the Waknar of Sulleman Ismail Memon, on the south by vacant land of Sulleman Ismail, on the North by a road leading to Nizampura.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT TAMBEKER STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Merwanji Nolan and Co., Attorneys for Khan Bahadur Framji Nusserwanji Suntoke, the mortgagee, on account and risk of Bai Rabiabai, daughter of Fir Mahomed Haji Adam and wife of Siddick Haji Hossein, the mortgagor and pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under an Indenture of mortgage dated the 15th day of October, 1920, and made between the said Bai Rabiabai daughter of Firmahomed Haji Adam and wife of Siddick Haji Hossein of the one part and the said Khan Bahadur Framji Nusserwanji Suntoke of the other part Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Saturday the 18th proximo sell by public auction at 3 p.m. (S.T.) the following:—

All that piece of parcel of perpetual Fazendari land or ground paying a fixed annual perpetual ground rent to the Fazandar together with the messuage or buildings standing thereon situate Tambeker St. Bombay containing about in length 70ft. in breadth 38ft. and bearing Collector's new Survey No. No. 2295 wrongly mentioned in previous deeds as bearing collectors new Survey No. 32 and bounded on the East by sweeper's passage on the West by Tambeker St., on the North by property of Allana's Vandina and Ismail Allana on the South by property now or late of Haji Adam Siddick and assessed by Municipality under B. Ward No. 2383 and Street No. 139—145.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Merwanji Nolah & Co., at Hummum Street or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF STRIPED ZEPHYRE, COTTON SUITING, WHITE UNDER SHIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS, ESSENCES AND COLOUR.

Suit No. 3498 of 1922.

Peter Herrower and Co.

vs.

bhoy & Co.

M. B. Rasulbhoy & Co.

Under instructions from Messrs. Little & Co. attorney for Messrs. Peter Herrower and Co. Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 4th proximo at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), sell by public auction on account and risk of Messrs. M. B. Rasulbhoy & Co. at their rooms at 120 Apollo Street the following:—

6 cases striped shirting zephyre, 1 case cotton suiting.

1 case white under shirts, 1 case handkerchiefs and 14 cases essences coloure, and essence oils by Stivenson and Hovel.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 31st October, 1922.

Why?

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FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO:—

The GENERAL SECRETARY

Life and Marriage Assurance Buildings, Sayyaji Rao Road, Mysore.

THE WEATHER.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay Oct 28th

Hours of observations taken at 8 a.m. 14 p.m. 8 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.		then	29.838
Temperature of Air		Diff.	84.4
Wet Bulb Thermometer		"	76.6
Dew Point		"	74.0
Relative humidity of Air		"	0.718
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky—16)	37	"	5.0
Maximum temperature of Air		"	92.3
Minimum do do		"	76.9
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight			ENE.WNW.
Movement of Wind do			162

SUN MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water in at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time	HIGH WATER Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER Day of Month	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time	LOW WATER Depth on Sill
	Nov	h. m	ft. in.	Nov	h. m.	ft. in.
	4	☉ 10 47	26 6	4	4 42	16 6
		11 31	24 0		4 42a	16 11
	5	☽ 11 21	26 9	5	☽ 5 12	16 4
					5 21a	15 8
	30	☌ 7 25	25 2	30	♍ 1 9	20 2
		8 23a	24 6		2 0a	19 1
	31	♎ 8 27	25 6	31	♍ 1 50	20 1
		9 19a	25 2		2 47a	19 6
	1	♍ 9 F	25 10	1	♍ 2 44	19 9
		9 47a	26 0		3 16a	17 6
	2	♍ 9 45	25 8	2	♍ 3 28	19 3
		10 2 a	26 10		3 4.a	17 8
	3	♍ 10 12	26 6	3	♍ 4.1a	18 10
		10 37a	27 0		4 a	18 6

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 28th October, 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours,

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and humidity is generally in excess. Night temperature was above the average in the north and central Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and humidity is in excess at Mainpuri. Temperature was nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear and humidity is in excess in lower Sind. Night temperature was above the average in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded and humidity is below normal in Central India West, Cutch and on the south Kathiawar co. Temperature was nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies clear in the north and lightly or moderately cloudy in the south of the division. Humidity defect at Amraoti and Nagpur. Night temperature was in excess at most places.

The Konkan.—Karwar reports 0.01" of rain. Skies are lightly clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad and The Konkan Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are moderately clouded and the air has become damper than usual at Belgaum but continues drier in the north Bombay Deccan. Night temperature was in excess at Sholapur.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the north Madras coast and local in southeast Madras. A few falls have also occurred in the south Konkan and Malabar. Madras reports a heavy fall of 3.91". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded in te Peninsula while they remain clear over the rest of the reporting area. Night temperature was higher than usual in upper Sind and the Punjab. Weather is somewhat unsettled in the southwest of the Bay of Bengal.

Forecast.—Local rain is likely in the southern half half of the Peninsula.

INDIA TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY FOR THE 27TH OCTOBER, 1922.

Weather is slightly disturbed in the southwest of the Bay. Widespread rain has fallen in south Madras and local rain in the Madras Deccan with a few falls on the north Madras coast.

The chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Tinnevelly, Pamban, Kodaikanal one and a half inches; Madura, Ootacamund a half; Cuddalor four and Nellore one and a half.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON SATURDAY, THE 28TH OF OCT. 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in shade. Dry Bulb.	Wet Bulb.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total fall from 1st Jan. to date.	Departure from Normal since 1st Jan. to date.
Bombay City	82	74	01	97	— 6.06
Do. Colaba	83	76	01	88	— 6.11
Kolaba	86	74	00	80	— 0.28
Do.	84	78	00	0	— 2.5
Gujarat—					
Mathan	84	80	00	7.51	— 7.24
Surat	85	76	01	45.30	— 8.97
Deesa	82	74	00	18.00	+ 0.7
Baroda	82	78	00	19.43	+ 1.10
Ahmedabad	82	74	00	18.26	+ 2.23
Dabhoi	84	81	00	21.00	— 39
CENTRAL PROVINCES					
Akola	82	76	00	47 28	+ 8.05
Wardha	82	74	00	42	+ 0.12
Amraoti	81	74	01	35 34	+ 5.23
Nagpur	82	74	01	46 16	+ 12 23
Chhindwara	83	81	00	48.01	+ 3.39
DECCAN AND KARNATAKA					
Poona	82	76	00	0	— 2.29
Ahmednagar	80	78	01	1.19	— 4.6
Aimere	80	76	01	13.09	— 6.14
Jalgaon	82	76	01	16.36	— 6.13
Kolhapur	80	76	00	29 0	+ 1.23
Mount Abu	71	64	00	50 30	— 0.34
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—					
Surat	87	80	00	10.81	— 2.88
Broach	85	78	00	9.6	— 6 49
Jambusar	85	80	00	7.89	— 7.85
Veravel	80	74	00	21 86	— 9.9
Rajkot	86	74	00	11 00	— 8.6
Bhavnagar Para	84	76	00	18 01	— 8.6
Surat	84	80	00	49 19	— 2.01
Ahmedabad	86	80	00	17.69	+ 0.9
Deesa	80	80	00	17.84	+ 4.8
Kandesh	84	78	00	27.10	+ 10.49
Dohad	80	80	00	28.29	+ 1.01
DECCAN PROVINCES					
Sholapur	84	80	00	18.98	+ 7.56
Satara	82	76	00	28.31	+ 8.84
Mahableshwar	80	70	00	80.8	— 6.60
Khandesh	84	76	00	19 95	— 4.81
Akola	81	76	00	39 66	+ 8.84
Amraoti	84	74	00	37 75	— 7.74
Buldana	82	76	00	40 08	— 5 62
Chanda	84	74	00	38.02	— 7 8.
Belgaum	86	76	00	40.28	+ 3.19
KONKAN—					
Bombay	90	84	00	76.62	+ 1.04
Ratnagiri	91	77	00	96.53	— 3.5
Mahableshwar	86	76	01	70 12	— 8.78
Karwar	88	80	00	0.01 164.78	— 10 40
DECCAN RAGGAR AND MYSORE—					
Belgaum	84	74	00	9.05	— 7.85
Ahmednagar	84	74	00	7 00	— 7 30
Poona	86	68	00	10.16	— 11.54
Shotapur	84	74	00	4 48	— 8 96
Bijapur	86	00	01	0 01 7 48	— 8 96
Belgaum	84	80	00	0 00 83.44	— 8 26
Ammankad	86	78	00	2 42	+ 1 6.
Hungund (India)	86	74	00	3 00	— 8 71
Hyderabad	84	68	00	20 08	— 7.81
MADRAS AND CEYLON					
Mangalore	88	80	00	0 87 2206	— 2.97
Calicut	86	78	00	0 58 1036	— 8.70
Cocanada	86	80	00	0 00 8	— 3.10
Colombo	88	78	00	0 40 26 71	— 7 61
MADRAS PROVINCES—					
Madras City	90	78	00	0 00 0	— 3.11
Madras Airport	90	78	00	0 00 0	— 3.11
Negapatam	86	78	00	0 10 25 57	— 3 11
Bellary	84	76	00	0 00 7 00	— 6 40
Cuddalore	84	80	00	0 00 4 00	— 8 78
Madras	86	78	00	0 00 24 00	— 1 88
Bangalore	84	76	00	0 00 23 53	— 2 76
Coimbatore	78	70	00	0 00 4.77	— 1 19
Trichinopoly	88	74	00	0 00 14 00	+ 2 86
Nungapatam	84	78	00	0 00 28 00	— 3 84

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RADICAL AND SURE CURE.

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Messrs. K. P. RAY and J. P. RAY BROS,
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DEAR SIRS,

The specific gravity of my urine, when tested 3 days ago, was 1015 and there was no sugar whatever. I do not feel weak at all. I feel more energetic than before. I have recommended your medicine to several of my friends.

Thanking you for your able treatment.

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Vizagapatam District.

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS)

Liverpool, Oct. 27th.

	Bales
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	8,000
" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	—
" Sales of East Indian	—
" Import	750
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES :—	—
New York market :—	
Advanced in favourable Cables and to firm new Orleans Market.	
Mid, Americans Spot good request	—
Egyptian F. G. F. Spot..	12 29
New York, 11 a.m. Sales	17 75
(As known in Liverpool at Jan.	23+64
closing time.) Mar.	23+75
May.	23+63
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan.	23 31
Mar.	23 34

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 27th.

Months	To-day's price.
Oct.	13+83
November	13 64
December	13+54
January	13+44
February	13+34
March	13+26
April	13+19
May	13 12
June	13+03
July	12+95
August	12+76
September	12+5.

Tone :—Firm.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 27th.

Months.	To-day's price
Oct.	16—50
Nov.	16—70
Dec.	16—85
Jan.	17—.0
February	17—15
March	17—30
April	17—40
May	17—55
June	17—65
July	17—75

MANCHESTER MARKET.

Unsatisfactory scattered Sales—
Yarns :—Irregular.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 26th

M. G. Bengal Good	8 15
" " Fully Good	8 55
" " Fine	9 05
" " No. 1 Oomra, Good	10 20
" " Fully Good	10 60
" " Fine	11 00
M. G. Broach Good	11 45
" " Fully Good	11 85
" " Fine	12 25
M. G. Scinde Good	8 00
" " Fully Good	8 45
" " Fine	8 85

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 28th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports		53,000
" Exports to Great Britain		6,000
" " to Continent		2,000
Futures at New York	Dec.	24—19
" " "	Jan.	23—90
" " "	March	23—96
" " "	May	23—85
Spot Cotton at New York		24—30
Spot Cotton at New Orleans		23—25
Futures at New Orleans	Jan.	23—54
" " "	March	23—86
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality)		10 3/4
Demand Bills		—
Silver Commercial U. S. mined		99 1/4
Do. Foreign		67 1/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, Oct, 27th

	Bales
Total Actual Export	6,000
" Forward	58,000
" Imports	67,000
" Stock	6,70,000
Actual Weekly Sales	43,000
Water Twist	1 8
Printers cloths	40/6

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Oct, 26th,

Total in Sight	3,941,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	409,000
East Indian	94,000
American	3,356,000
Other	307,000
Total Sales	43,000
East Indian Sales	1,000
Total Speculation	—
" Export	—
East Indian Export	—
East Indian Stock	23,000
" " Forwarded	1,300
" " Actual Export	—
" " Imports	6,000
" " Speculation	20
American Afloat	127,000
East Indian Afloat	8 000
Total Afloat	212,000

MONEY MARKET.

London, Oct. 28th.

Rentes 3 per cent.	58 1/2
Bar Silver Spot	34 1/8
" " 2 months hence	33 7/8
Tone of Silver—India Bought Steady.	
Discount Bank of England Rate per cent. since 17th July 1922.	3
Interest day to day loans	1 3/4
" 7 day market loans	1 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Oct. 26th.

WHEAT.

Rozario Santa fe—63 lbs Dec.-Jan. sellers	51
Barletta Russo—62 1/2 lbs. Oct.-Nov Paid	49/6
Australian Feb.-Mar Sellers	51
Karachi Barley Oct.-Nov. Sellers	33/3
Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C.I.F.	54/6
Wheat afloat to U. K Qrs,	12,36,000
Tone Wheat :—Firm.	

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 17 3/4
Hongkong"	117 1/2
National"	42
P. and O." Banking Corporation	14
Eastern Bank	5 1/4

SEEDS.

RAPESEED, Ferozepore real Bold Oct-Nov, Buyers Steadier	£ 18
LINSEED, Argentine Oct-Nov, Sellers	£ 18 1/2
RAPESEED Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship Jan-Feb, Paid Weak	£ 15 3/4
TONE OF RAPESEED :—Quiet.	
LINSEED Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship Oct-Nov	£ 15 3/8
TONE OF LINSEED :—	
COTTONSEED, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) Dec.-Jan. Sellers	8 1/4
TORIA RAPESEED:—Sept.-Oct. Sellers	£ 18 1/4

METALS.

English Best Selected Copper	£ 65
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 62 3/4
Copper Braziers	£ 82
Yellow Metal	8 1/8
Hard Spelter	28 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	16 3/8

WAR LOANS ETC.

Funding Loans 4%1960/90	£ 85 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 %	£ 88 1/4
War loan 5% 1929/47	£ 98 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 %	£ 57 1/4
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	37
Indian Stock 3 1/2 % (Sterling Loan)	63 1/4
Govt. Securities 3%	55 1/4
Indian Loan	£ 111 1/2

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Dec.-Jan,	1q 1/4
Plantation First Latex Crepe Nov.	12
Tone :— Sellers are reserved	
Freight of Coal—Cardiff to Bombay	17/6

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Sugar 16/18 D. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec, Nominal	16/18
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec. Nominal	20
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Sellers	20/3
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec, Nominal	20/5 1/2
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi Oct.-Dec, Nominal	20/5 1/2

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON,

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

Oct. 30.

To-day Bentor reported 41 higher in New York futures. The market advanced on continued trade demand in America and Commission House buying. The tone of the American market is very steady and we recommend buying round about present level and especially on any break, as our opinion is still bullish.

The Bazar Date [illegible] F. G. M. G. Broach [illegible] In the early part of the [illegible] an European offer the prices opened to Rs. 473. At this level [illegible] easily declined and offers bought, fixing the prices to Rs. 473-8-0. On selling by a Marwari Shroff the market touched Rs. 474-32 which was the rate at 2 p. m. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 474-8-0. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 474-8-0 going down by a rupee closed at Rs. 474-8-0. Fine M. G. Oomra Dcr. January opened at Rs. 419-8-0 and after going down by a rupee gradually advanced to Rs. 423 on buying by same offices. From this level the prices dropped to Rs. 420-8-0 on selling by a Marwari Shroff, which rate ruled at 4 p. m. While fine M. G. Oamra March opened at Rs. 424 and improved to Rs. 427-8-0 in sympathy with the advance in Oomra Decr. January and remained Rs. 424 at 4 p. m. F. G. M. G. Bengal Decr. January was Rs. 346 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet but steady on Saturday last and the inquiry was moderate by Exporters and local millwalas. About Rs. 5,000 are reported to have changed hands.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, Oct. 30th.

		Rs.
F. G Broach	Apl./May.	474
Fully Good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.	345
Fine Oomra	Dec.-Jan.	420
Fine Oomera	March.	424

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 30th.

		Rs
F. G Broach	April-May	474
Fully Good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.	345
Fine Oomra	Dec.-Jan.	420

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct, 30th.

Description,	Super-fine	F Good	Good	Fine		
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	—	—	355	340	330	—
M. G. Oomra's No. 4	405	390	375	—	—	
M. G. Central P. No. 1.	435	420	405	—	—	
M. G. Central P. No. 2.	420	405	390	—	—	
M. G. Broach	—	—	445	435	425	—
M. G. Southerns	—	—	500	490	480	

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 28th Oct. 1922.

Cotton	114 Rs.
Wheat	6983 Qwts.
Linseed	2154 "
Rape, etc.	482 "
Gingellyseed	404 "
Poppyseed	825 "
Groundnuts	535 "
Castorseed	1174 "
Rice	62992 "
Myrabolams	403 "
Cottonseed	1717 "
Mowraseed	51 "
Gram	346 "
Juwar	219 "
Masur	Nil "
Barley	Nil "
Bajry	912 "
Coal	575 Tons.

2 day's Total.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

(ISSUED BY THE HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.)

Bombay Oct. 29th

	Rs a. p.
Longcloth (Full weight) 34/40 inches :—	
Rachael per lb.	—
Standard per lb.	1 8 6
Century per lb.	1 9 6
Hindustan per lb.	1 9 6
Fazulbhai per lb.	1 10
Textile per lb.	1 10 0
Longcloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5203 :—	
Rachael per lb.	1 9 6
Swan Finlay per lb.	—
Longcloth X quality :—	
Rachael per lb.	1 10 0
Fazulbhai per lb.	1 10 6
Longcloth Satin Calender, 34/40 inches :—	
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1 8 6
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 8 6
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1 7 0
Zenith (Drum) per lb.	1 7 0
Salita —	
Century per lb.	1 7 9
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 9 3
Grey Drill, Century Mill :—	
No. 1125 per piece	15 8 0
No. 1254 per piece	14 4 0
Dhooties :—7, 8 and 9 yards :—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 11 0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 10 0
Dhooties :—10 yard :—	
Spring (Balance) per lb	1 12 0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 11 0
Check 5 lbs. Grey Drills :—	
Standard per piece	6 12 0
Phoenix per piece	6 14 0
Swan Finlay per piece	6 12 0
Check 5½ lbs. Grey Drills :—	
Textile per piece	7 4 0
Pearl per piece	7 8 0
Bleached Check :—	
Textile per piece	—
Kasturchand per piece	8 12 0
Bombay United per piece	8 8 0
Black Check 5 lbs :—	
Textile per piece	9 10 0
Spring per piece	8 10 0

PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Oct. 30.

We have received the following cables from Messrs. Weld and Co., Liverpool; dated Oct. and 28 respectively :—

"October 27—Healthier market on account long liquidation accompanying advance. In iew of small crop, increase in consumption America, probably compensate any reduction Europe. Very good trade demand continues America. South stronger daily. Good business ntinues forward delivery Liverpool. Advise ying especially on any break such as to-day's. "Oct. 28.—Very steady market, some trade nd Commission house buying."

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 30th.

Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1-3-5/8
Bank Demand	1-3-21/32
Doc. Acceptance 3 m /s	1-3-27/32
Doc Demand	418
American Dollars	348
Honkong Dollars	192
Shanghai	259
Japan	165 1/2
Singapore	180 1/2

Market Steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bars Gold ready, Rs. 26-11-9.
Bars Gold forward, Rs. 26-11-9.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 26-12-9.
Bars Silver Ready, Rs. 89-4-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement 89-4-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 89-1-0.
D. C. Rate :—
Banks selling T.T. 1/3 19/32.
Bank's selling D.D. 1/3 5/8.
On London—
Bank's selling T.T. 1/3 5/8.
Bank's selling D.D. 1/3 21/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D.A. 1/3 27/32.
Bank's buying T.T. 1/3 11/16.
Bank's buying D.D. 1/3 23/32.
Steady Market.
Time of Exchange :—
On Paris :—
Bank's selling D.D. Frs. 408.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D.A. Frs. 428.
Bank's buying D.D. Frs. 418.
On [illegible]
Bank's selling T.T. Rs. 100.
Bank's buying 40 D/st D.P. Rs. 161.
On Hongkong :—
Bank's selling D.D. Rs. 192.
On Shanghai :—
Bank's selling D.D. Rs. 259.
On Singapore :—
Bank's selling D.D. Rs. 180¼.
On New York :—
Bank's selling D.D. Rs. 348.
London Gold ready, su. 92-8.
London Silver ready d. 34-2.
London Silver forward d. 33-14.
Tone of Exchange :—Quiet-Steady, Small business.

Cross Rates on London to the pound sterling.

American Exchange, dol. 4.46-1/8.
French Exchange, Frcs. 62.90.
Swiss Exchange, Frcs. 24.60.
Belgium Exchange, Frcs. 57.80.
Italian Exchange, Liras. 111.00.
German Exchange, Mrks. 18000.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper, Rs. 58/8.
5 per cent War Loan, Rs. 83/4.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, Rs. 78.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1923, Rs. 100/8.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928, Rs. 101.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932, Rs. 100/12.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926, Rs. 100/12.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1950, Rs. 103/12.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1074, Rs. 68.
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1930, Rs. 96.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974, Rs. 60.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49, Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, Rs. 65.

The Share Market is closed to-day.

SHARES.

Oct. 30.

No forward business was done in the local share market yesterday owing to the death of Mr. Gangadar Audarji. Cash transaction took place in the following shares.—

Madhavji at Rs. 370, Fazalbhoy at Rs. 1240, Pabaney at Rs. 780, Premier at Rs. 131-4, Khatao at Rs. 507-8, Apollo at Rs. 66/4, Union Bank 3/8 discount.

Goods to be sold at
TAKE ME AWAY PRICES.

Goggles	@ Rs. 1-4 each
Summa-Slip Covers for Overland 4 and Ford	Rs. 10-0 each
Standex Gazoline gauges for Ford cars	Rs. 9-0 a doz.
Dixie magneto spare parts in boxes.. ..	Rs. 8-0 each
Firestone patches in tins	Rs. 0-12 each
Johnsons cleaner in tins	Rs. 12-0 a doz.
Lucas petrol squirts..	Rs. 15-0 a doz.
Ford Oil gauges	.. Rs. 12-0 a doz.
Essex tyre gaiters 3"	Rs. 6-0 a doz.

Auto & Electric Supply Company,

Opera House, Tram Terminus,
BOMBAY 4.

C. M.

SLUMP ?

Is it more often mere imagination and less a reality which acts as a clog and blocks business or is it really always the TRADE SLUMP.

Judicious buying eliminates the terror of SLUMPS. Get your money's worth in sound quality.

W. I. T. productions are known the world over for QUALITY and VALUE.

The Western India Tanneries, Ld.,

MANUFACTURERS OF LEATHERS AND LEATHERS GOODS.

KRISHNA BUILDING, Hornby Road. POST BOX 403 BOMBAY. Telephone No. 5708.

PIGEONS APPEAL FOR FOOD

Kind hearted people feed the pigeons, which would starve if their mute appeals were unanswered.

How is it with you ? Are you INDEPENDENT ? Have you a SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT on which you can draw in an emergency ? Or will you have to depend on others in hours of difficulties.

The SAVINGS HABIT is a good habit.

The CENTRAL BANK will help you in its cultivation.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

DO NOT HESITATE.

If you have lost money in shares, cotton, linseed, silver or Guinea transactions; if, when doing teji-business you are faced with mandi, and vice-versa; if, in short, you are unsuccessful in business in spite of consulting everybody,—you will do well to come to us. With the help of Astrology and Ramal Shastra, and by our long experience and occult power, We forecast, corrrect to a pie, the fluctuations in the various markets—Cotton, linseed, gold, silver, guinea, opium, castor-oil seeds, rice, wheat, sugar, colour, yarn, and Chinese and Japanesee bills of exchange. By consulting us before doing any business or after losing money, many people have made a fortune—we have ample materials to prove this. We also prepare first-rate and reliable horoscopes, prashnotri, etc, and give a most accurate forecast of your future life. We give you detailed and surprisingly accurate forecast on the most moderate terms. In evidence of our marvellous proficiency, we have received numerous Certificates, a few of which are given below; and we invite you to inspect the rest, Convince yourself by giving us a trial Special accommodation is reserved for Ladies and Gentlemen,

CERTIFICATES AND ADDRESS.

Pandit Krishnalal Ramakant Sharma has been known to me for sometime and I feel it a pleasure to say that every one of his predictions from my palm reading have been perfect come to pass. He has been also assisting me in my share transactien and over 90 per cent. have come right.

I cannot help but honestly declare him to be a marvellous man where the science of Astrology and Palmistry is concerned, and I feel grateful to him for his assistance I received in recovering my financial losses—

Bombay, 31-7-19. A. B. STANDLEY.

BOMBAY, 31-7-18.

I have, hereby to certify that Joshi Krishnalal Sharma is a great expert in Astrology and his predictions in various businesses are found quite true. He also gives the accurate figures of fluctuations in various shares and I have been greatly benefitted by his visit. I have earned a good deal in shares and piece-goods and which is only due to my visit with him.

(Sd.) MOOLCHAND RAOJI.

If you are not still convinced by these, call on us and read our further numerous certificates to satisfy yourself.

JOTISHIK RISENALAL RAMAKHAT SHARMA,

Opposite ANANT SHIVAJEE DESAI, Cap-Merchant 1st Floor.

P. S. We recommend personal visit, as far as possible, to convince yourself. Moffussil people should send Rs. 2 for reply.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings of the Scindia S. N. Co., Ltd., M. Gokuldas Hall, Cavel, 3-30 p.m.
Asian Commercial Association Co., Ballard Estate, 11-30 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, November 1.

Ali Bros. Day: Meeting at the Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6-30 p.m., Mr. M. Pickthall to preside.
Bombay Gymkhana Sporting Meeting, 4-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, November 3.

S.S. "Mores" with the mails of the 19th instead expected to arrive at 7 a.m.
Bara Wafat: Bank Holiday.

SATURDAY, November 4.

Bombay Gymkhana Sports, 3-30 p.m.
S. S. "Kashmir" with the English Mails leaves at 1 p.m.

SUNDAY, November 5.

Miss Bhikhaiji Palamkote's Concert in aid of Dr. Masina's Hospital Fund, 5-30 p.m., Town Hall.
Bombay Gymkhana Sports, 3-30 p.m.

RAILWAY TIMINGS.

G. I. P. (VICTORIA TERMINUS)

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	12 30
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 0	15 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 20
Poona Mail	11 40	14 45
Inter & Ord. Poona Express	12 15	14 10
Poona Express	19 55	7 50
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 0
Madras Fast Passenger	21 40	8 15

B. B. & C. I. (COLABA,)

	Arr. H. M	Dep H. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	13 35	16 0
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 20
Delhi Express	6 30	20 55
Kathiawar Express	7 45	21 35
Fast Passenger	21 40	7 8

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The mail steamer "Morea" with the outward mails of the 19th instant is expected to arrive in Bombay at 7 a.m. on Friday next.
The mail steamer "Macedonia" which left Bombay on the 14th instant arrived Marseilles on Saturday the 28th instant.

NEW MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

The following letter has been addressed by the signatories to the Municipal election of the "A" Ward for the coming Municipal election.

To the Electors of the Fort Ward.

You are aware that according to the new Municipal Act the Fort (A) Ward has been given twelve seats in the forthcoming Election in January next. We the undersigned eleven candidates have arranged to issue our joint candidature for the same.

Nine of us have hitherto tried to serve the interests of the City in the Corporation to the best of our lights. The remaining two as you know, are well-known for their active services in civic matters. We are confident, therefore, that on the Election day you will kindly make it convenient and vote for all of us Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Pherozo C. Sethna, Ratanshaw T. Nariman Byramji R. Bhojbhoy, Byramji N. Gamadia, Pherozeshaw J. Marzban Jehangir B. Baman Beheram, Kanji Dwarkadas, H. J. Davies Lakhmidas Ravji Tairsee, Mathuradas Tricumji.

TO DAY'S MEETINGS.

MANDVI DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The annual general meeting of all the members of the Mandvi District Congress Committee will be held to-day at the Central Bank building, Masjid Bunder Road at 6 p. m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—(1) to receive and adopt the annual report and audited statement of accounts; and (2) To elect office-bearers and the managing council for the next year.

MEETING OF BYCULLA TENANTS.

A mass meeting of the tenants of the Byculla Ward (E) will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. in the Maidan opposite the Arthur Road Hospital, when Messrs. Kotalkar; M. M. Rane; Ananthram; R. D. Salvi, N. B. Savant, R. Gole and others will speak on "Tenants' Rights and the coming Municipal Elections."

G. I. P. AND TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

A meeting the the Executive Committee of the Indian Passengers and Traffic Relief Association will meet at their office at 11, Bank Street, Old Telephone Buildings, Fort, Bombay to-day (Tuesday) at 5-30 p. m. S. T.

BYCULLA DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Managing Committee will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 5-30 p. m. (S. T.) in Mr. V. A. Desais' office, 72 Apollo Street.

Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar

"DIABETES SPECIALIST"

Over 20 years' experience and awarded Gold Medals. Of the numerous testimonials accorded by patients as well as Chemical Analysers, the following are taken at random:—

Mr. Bhailal V. Kothari, B.A., LL.B. late Vakil, High Court, Lamington Road Bombay.

Now, Nayab Divan, Baria.

"It gives me great and sincere pleasure in testifying to the real efficacy of Dr. S. R. Ayengar's medicinal drugs—I was suffering from Diabetes for over 4 years and had tried many well-known Doctors of Bombay but without any effect. I then put myself under the treatment of the said Doctor Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 7 complete weeks for me. As each Week progressed the disease, that could not at all be controlled before, began to abate with the result that I was completely cured at the end of the course in such a marvellous way that I can very well say that Dr. Iyengar is not a DIABETES SPECIALIST IN NAME BUT A SPECIALIST INDEED IN REALITY. My Specific Gravity which was 1038 in the beginning of course came down to 1015 at the end and grains of sugar per ounce of urine fell down from 24 to nil while sediments were not at all visible."

CONSULTATION HOURS:—8 to 10 A. M. and 5 to 7 P. M.
ADDRESS:—"Ghia Buildings" Khetwadi Main Road, opp. Girgaon Post Office Bombay.
Telegrams:—"DIABETES" BOMBAY.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

BOYCOTT OF MR. ATHAVLE'S COURT

The embargo of boycott imposed by the Bombay Police Court Bar Association on Mr. B. N. Athavle's Court was brought into effect with full vigour on Monday. Generally Monday is the busiest day of the week as police cases from Saturday afternoon to Monday morning are placed in the Police Court before a Magistrate on Monday. This naturally involves appearances of both pleaders and their clientale in large numbers. Monday (yesterday) however wore a holiday appearance as except a few police officers on duty no pleader appeared in Mr. Athavle Court. Mr. E. J.Q Vas, a Christian pleader appeared for a short time, but it was due to the fact that he did not belong to the Bombay Bar but was a graduate of the Madras University.

POLICE COURT BAR'S PROTEST.

CLEARING A "MISUNDERSTANDING."

Mr. B. J. Dhondi pleader writes under Monday's date:—

"Will you allow me to correct a mistake, the summary of the report of the meeting of the Police Courts Bar Association and etc Mr. B. N. Athavle in your to-days issue. I am reported to have said that Mr. Athavle was my "personal friend." I did not call him my personal friend, for I can boast of no such friendship. What I actually said was that Mr. Athavle was my friend at the Bar, and what i wanted to convey was, that so far as I was concerned I had no personal grievance against him, that was all.

Mr. Athavle was a friend of mine at the Bar, in the same way as the three other members of our Bar now on the Bench were no more and no less than that.

As the report may cause a misunderstanding I take this opportunity of correcting it."

SENTENCED FOR STEALING.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Monday, before Mr. Athavle, Sub-Inspector Vanjara charged Narandas JamnadQas, a servant in the employ of Mr. Gokuldas Ravji, a Commission Agent, the complainant, with the theft of gold valued at Rs. 680.

The prosecution story was that the accused was known to the complainant for the last seven years. On the 29th instant about 1 p.m. the complainant sent the accused to the Kalbadevi Post Office with a parcel containing 25½ tolas of gold addressed to one Ramchandra Keshao of Islampur. The accused left the place at about 1-30 a.m. and did not return from the Post Office. The complainant made enquiries at the place of the accused about his whereabouts and he learnt that the accused had not given the parcel at the Post Office. Yesterday morning he (the complainant) received a postcard from the accused stating that he had lost the parcel at the Post Office and that he was ashamed to show his face, and hence he had disappeared. The complainant reported the matter to the police who subsequently arrested the accused.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge. His worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

FINED FOR RASH DRIVING,

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Monday, before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate Sub-Inspector Deshpande charged one W. T. Smith, a motor-lorry driver with driving his car in a rash and negligent manner on the 26th instant.

The prosecution story was that Ramchandra Lala, a Tramcar driver was driving the tram-car on the 26th instant at about 11-30 a.m. from the Museum and going towards Borribunder. When the tram-car reached the Old Custom House Road, the accused suddenly came from behind and dashed into the tram-car, with the result that the front portion of the car was damaged. The accused drove away the motor-lorry and stopped it about ten paces from the tram-car.

The accused pleaded guilty.

His worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to a fine of Rs. 75 or in default to suffer one months rigorous imprisonment.

TOMMIES RUN AMOK.

...EXCITEMENT IN FORBES STREET....

For some time past two tommies belonging to some regiment have been causing great terror to the people in the vicinity of the Forbes and Medows Streets. Yesterday at about 5-15 p. m. p. m. it seems four European soldiers after having got drunk at one of the bars situated close to Forbes Street, mercilessly belaboured a hack Victria driver No. 2233, named Soma Jetha. On the gharrywalla remonstrating with his wanton, assailants the latter pulled the man down from his coach box, with the result that he sustained severe injuries. The horse was unharnessed and one of the Tommies got on the back of the horse, while the others—three of them, mercilessly beat the poor animal, as a result of which it bled profusely the sorry spectacle of a Tommy, bare headed, and looking woe-begone, riding a hack pony, with strappings hanging loose, attracted a considerable crowd of spectators, who helplessly looked on what time the Tommies were having their way. The gharry driver who by this time had got away from the clutches of his assailants reported the matter to the police sepoy on duty at the King's Statue, but strange to say, the sepoy seems to have declined to interfere or rescue the poor horse. When the Tommies saw that the excitement among the spectators was growing and their number steadily increasing they seemed to have thought better of their freak—a very cruel frek—and leaving the horse behind, bolted away.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

The monthly valuation of the stock exchange securities, according to the bankers' Magazine, gives no sign of undue disturbance created by the domestic political crisis, Prices reacted for a time, but on the day following the announcement of the resignation of the Government, there was a general rally and the balance list of 387 representative securities showed an approximation for the month of 61 million pounds, which is considerably in excess of the decline in the preceding month. (British official wireless.).

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

CAPITALIST'S GREED FOR MORE POWER.

An adjourned meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held on Monday afternoon Mr. A. M. Khan presiding.

Mr. Abdulkader proposed and Mr. J. M. Mehta seconded.

That the Commissioner be requested to investigate and report to the Corporation whether it was a fact that out of the stock of cement at the Workshop, cement to the value of about Rs. 40,000 had been spoiled by rain owing to the carelessness of the Mechanical Engineer, and whether it was fact that the Executive Officers wanted to charge the value of the cement to the works now proceeding, although they were not actually used on the works."

The proposition was agreed to without discussion.

Mr. Jehangir B. Boman-Behram, then moved:

"That in view of the Ruling of the President regarding the interpretation of Section 36 (p) of the Bombay Municipal Act restraining members of the Municipal Corporation from voting or taking part in the discussion regarding any concern in which they happened to hold shares and in view of counsel's opinion to the same effect it is necessary that the said Section 36 (p) should be amended as it was pointed out that if the said Section was construed according to the interpretation of the President and the opinion of Counsel thereon it would lead to absurdities which could never have been contemplated by the Legislature when the said Section 36 (p) was framed and the Procedure Rules Committee be therefore requested to obtain and place before the Corporation a draft amended Section 36 (p) of the Municipal Act, so as to admit of a Councillor to vote or take part in the discussion of any matter relating to a Joint Stock Company notwithstanding that he has or possesses some shares of the Company provided that he does not take any active part in the management of the Company or is not one of their servants."

Mr. Boman Behram said not long ago there was some discussion in the Corporation in regard to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company which actuated him to bring this proposition. He thought that those who rode in tram cars and paid an anna as fare, were as much interested as investors and to debar only the Councillors holding shares of a certain company from vote to would lead to absurdities. Again often there was discussion in the Standing Committee in regard to Tata Iron Co. and as shareholders some of councillors were interested. He therefore, moved that the matter be referred to the Procedure Rules Committee.

Mr. Hoosseinally seconded.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia disagreed with the mover of the resolution and said a Counsel's opinion was not always correct.

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji raised a point of order that the Procedure Rules Committe having not reported on the matter the proposition was out of order.

The president ruled that the propositio was in order.

Mr. Nariman said that the section 36 of Municipal Act on the point was quite clear. It debarred a councillor voting in a matter in which he was interested.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta and Mr. B. N. Motiwala too, thought the law was quite clear and those interested in a certain company could not take part in discussion relating to that Company and vote on it.

The Commissioner said that it was agreed in principle that the opinion of the counsel as well as the ruling of the President prevailed and this principle was salutary. Many of them also thought that the section as it stood might lead to certain absurdities. He had no doubt that there was a clear case for considering the question thoroughly but instead of addressing Government he suggested the matter be referred to the Procedure and Rules Committee.

On taking votes the proposition fell through by a large majority.

ILLEGAL EXPENDITURE.

Consideration was also given to the proposition that:

Dr. Accacio G. Viegas draws the attention of the Commissioner to the objection or objections recently taken by the Municipal Auditors to certain unauthorised and illegal expenditure incurred by the heads of departments; and he be requested to report whether despite these objections illegal expenditure is being incurred by those officers;

What officer or officers are responsible for these praitices; and

Why no steps have been taken immediately to stop these illegal practices." "

Dr. Javle said the proposition was not necessary as the Standing Committee was already vigilant and items of illegal and unauthorised expenditure were referred to a Sub-Committee appointed for the purpose

The Commissioner protested against the proposition on the ground that it was the function of the Standing Committee to watch illegal and unauthorized expenditures and the Standing Committee had not so far failed in its duty, if it had failed, then only Dr. Viegas could bring his proposition.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said if the Standing Committee was vigilant, instances of illegal and unauthorized expenditures would not have come to light as they used to see for some time past.

Mr. J. N. Mehta agreed with Mr. Nariman

Mr. H. P. Mody moved an amendment that the matter be referred to the Standing Committee for favour of remarks.

The amendment was agreed to and passed as a substantive proposition.

The Corporation then adjourned to Thursday next.

ALL INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 30.

The monsoon continues active in the south of the Peninsula and conditions remain unsettled in the south-east of the Arabian Sea. Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar and the south-east of Madras and local in the north of Hyderabad and Mysore. A few falls have also occurred in Burma, Orissa East and Central Provinces.

Chief amounts are:—Cuttack half an inch, Jagdalpur three quarters, Nizambad two, Mercara and Calicut a half, Trivandrum three quarters, Pomban a half, Madura one, Nagapatam three-quarters, Trichinopoly a half, Madras one, Ootacamund two, and Kodaikanal one and half.

Forecast:—No large change.

GAMBLING M 'NIA

REFORM OF STOCK EXCHANGE

MR. PURSHOTTAM THAKORE DAS' PLEA.

Mr. Purshottamdas Thakoredas, presiding at the third quarterly general meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau Bombay, on Saturday, said:—

The unexpected and grave depression in commerce has led to a considerable increase in litigation in the city. I understand that in spite of the addition of a special Judge in our High Court here, the congestion is very heavy, and it may take an ordinary suit filed to-day more than two years to come up for hearing in due course. As the majority of the suits that contribute to the congestion on the Boards of the High Court are commercial, a state of things such as this cannot lead to prompt disposals of this aftermath of the boom period. You, who are intimate, with the necessity to the commercial community of avoiding law-courts as far as possible can easily realise what a condition like this means to the community if justice has to be awaited for as much as two years. Those who can avoid payment under the pretext of a grievance or under any legal quibble which must be thrashed out in the High Court are thus able to gain time for a period of two years. In fact I may go so far as to say that a state of things like this may and does encourage litigation in so far as it gives time to a person either unable or unwilling to meet his liabilities. This can hardly be regarded as tolerable. I am at the same time aware that the present financial conditions of the Government of Bombay necessitate as much reduction in existing expenditure as possible, let alone any addition to the existing expenditure. I however feel that the solution of the difficulty indicated above lies not in the addition of a few more Judges to the High Court benches, but in the direction of adopting a system that, I understand, has been followed elsewhere for the last several decades, viz., the institution of what are called City Courts, with a Judge of the qualification of a High Court Judge presiding, but with other formalities of the present High Court procedure considerably modified and done away with. I understand from reliable quarters that a solution on these lines is about the only solution, and the only possible solution, of a grievance which has been agitating the minds of litigants for the last few years, and may now be said to have developed to the extent of almost a severe hardship to the honest and the innocent and well behaved in the commercial line.

ATTEMPTED CORNERS.

When I addressed you at the last quarterly meeting in August I hardly suspected that Bombay was on the eve of a severe shaking from operations of bold, and if I may say so, reckless specuations in one more direction. What has happened during the past few weeks is fresh in the minds of all of you. The suit that was filed against the Directors of the East India Colton Association had to be allowed to be withdrawn in order to prevent further panic in the trade, and in order to put an immediate stop to sales by auction of cotton, which was not being taken up by the buyer. The fact remains, however, that in spite of the best efforts of the Cotton Trade and the Directors of the East India Cotton Association Ltd., a good deal of precious money had been dropped and a number of innocent people have been undeceived and have had to pay the penalty of their error of judgement. I hope it is clear to any who may have been wavering last August that unnatural efforts at conering or at Bear raids of a commodity do no good to the party operating or to the commercial community concerned. I feel convinced that there is no royal road to mend the mentality of those who are thus inclined to get rich quickly. The only sure method for the community is to set its face against any such efforts from the very start and discourage it by not helping or co-operating with such operators. A poor country like India can ill-afford the loss of even a few lakhs by such suicidal methods.

STOCK EXCHANGE.

The chronic complaint regarding the unsatisfactory working of the local Stock Exchange was ventilated by a public-spirited councillor in the Bombay Legislative Council at its session last month. The main resolution of Mr. Haveliwalla did not meet with the acceptance of the Council, and the amendment that was approved recommended to Government an enquiry at their discretion. Complaints and grievances regarding the Stock Exchange operations have been freely ventilated in the Press since last April or May. These should have attracted the attention of Government in quite good time if the Government were disposed to take measues to stop anything that might have been found objectionable in the operations on the Stock Exchange. The Bombay Native Share and Stock brokers' Association is an institution with a standing of fifty years, and with a few ruffles it seems to have served the investing public of Bombay fairly well till lately, when ambitious operations on a large scale were engineered. The pioneersof that institution would appear to have built up machinery capable of handling normal and natural business of any magnitude. I do not think anybody would approve of shaking the foundation of such an institution unless the bulk of its members prove to be obdurate and definitely refuse to benefit by sound and sober opinion that may be reflected before it by the authorities in power. It is not unlikely that a little straight talking to the leaders of the Association by responsible Members of Government might have succeeded in setting matters right before it was too late.

However, this, perhaps, may be said to be crying over spilt milk. The first course for Government is to have a conference with those responsible for the management of this institution and find out to what extent they are prepared to guarantee that some of the happenings of the last few months may not be easily repeated in the future, and to that end make substantial alterations in their constitution and regulations.

We in Bombay have prided ourselves several times as being the best contributors to Government of finances especially since the outbreak of the war. Even this year out of a total subscription of 45 crores of rupees to the Government of India loan, Bombay is responsible for about 24 crores. His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has several time publicly acknowledged the support he can always count upon from the commercial and industrial community of Bombay for loans necessary for purposes of our Presidency. May I point out that this substantial help by Bombay to all-India and to our local Government coffers makes it the duty of the Government to see that any objectionable feature in dealings on the Stock Exchange is suppressed as soon as it is perceived? For, any chaos in the market for investment is bound prejudicially to affect the confidence and equanimity of such investors.

NOTE OF WARNING.

I must here sound a grave warning to the members of the Stock Exchange and remind them that in spite of the general standing of that institution the actions of their Directors and generally of that body have exasperated the investing public. The public may well say that they tolerated the defects and the short-comings of this body with the utmost indulgence till the beginning of this year. But since then the public have begun absolutely to lose confidence, and if the members of the Stock Exchange wish to preserve even their own interests and their own institution, it is very necessary that they forthwith convince the public that they are capable of setting their own house in order, and of satisfying the public that a new or broader constitution and more up-to-date rules and regulations will come into force from, say, the 1st of January next at the latest. I would like to remind the present members of the Exchange at this stage that they should realise that the Stock Exchange is an institution of public utility, and although the direct monetary interest of the public as a whole in that institution may be nil, the stake of the public in the proper conduct and control of the machinery of investment is immense.

The Stock Exchange is one of the institutions where democratisation have been most perceived amongst the various commercial bodies in Bombay. I am afraid this democratisation has naturally brought some of the evils connected with it. On the question whether this extreme change has been conduvcive to the best interests of the investing public there is no little doubt, at any rate as far as can be judged from the public opinion expressed on the subject till now. I would strongly recommend the members of the Exchange therefore, to take note of this point and to make energetic and wholehearted efforts to overhaul their existing machinery. In fact they will find it advisable to change the very constitution of their institution for it is now beyond doubt that besides the brokers and members of the Stock Exchange the investing public must have a voice in the conduct and control of that institution. Unless very effective signs of this are perceived soon it is extremely likely that this Chamber themselves will have to be one of the parties to a demand that public opinion expressed till now should be asserted in spite of the old standing and financially strong position of the Stock Exchange.

I do not like to share the pessimism of those who think that the position of the Exchange is beyond remedy. I believe in the strong commonsense of this city and in its capacity to set things right without help from outside. I therefore hope that the moral pressure brought to bear from all quarters will set the ball rolling in the right direction.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Currimbhoy Institute the meeting of the Works-Committee and the annual General meeting of the Indian Bleaching D. & Printing Works, C. C. Society Ltd., were held under the Presidentship of Mr. Ismailbhoy Kassambhoy the manager of the mills. Prof R. K.Kulkarni M. A. L. L. B.from Gwalior was a distinguished guest at the function.

CONGRESS WORKER SENT TO PRISON.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

GOKAK, Oct. 30.

The case against Mr. Hanmant Naik of Nandgad, zamindar, and a member of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, under section 108 was decided to-day. On Mr. Naik refusing to furnish security, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Naik was strenuously engaged in Organising khaddar propaganda in the Karnatak.

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO LTD.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Annual Report of this Swadeshi Steamship Company is out; and it is to be read from two stand-points:-patriotic and profit-earning. Scanning the accounts we find:—

(1) That the gross earnings and expenditure have not been shown separately to enable the shareholders to have an idea as to the turnover of the company, and the ratio of expenses to the income during the year.

(2) The profits on voyage, rice, coal and gunnies come to rupees twelve lakhs in round figures; and the salaries, wages, establishment charges, Directors & Auditors' Fees, Income-tax & Supertax, and Agents' Commission come to rupees five lakhs. So the net profit, exclusive o depreciation is seven lakhs.

(3) Now the depreciation on the purchase price of the vessels—one crore and thirty-five lakhs—at 5 per cent is rupees six lakhs and seventy-five thousand. Therefore the net profit on the ships working is rupees twenty-five thousand.

(4) There is an income of four lakhs and seventy thousand being interest on securities. Thus the net divisible profit is rupees five lakhs, and not twelve lakhs as shown in the Report.

(5) How can a dividend of rupees six lakhs be declared, when the profits amount to five lakhs?

(6) And further, even if the profits came to six lakhs, what about the dead loss on the ""Loyalty"? What about the further loss on the sale of "Frankburn?" As the able writer of your Finance columns points out, it is wisdom to conserve the company's resources, and not to fritter them away by paying dividend this year.

(7) The non-payment of a dividend will not please many shareholders. Bu as I said, at the outset, there is a patriotic view—a longer view—to be taken by these shareholders. The Scindia Company has to face the most powerful competition of the B.I.S.N. Co. on the coast! And it has further been denied its right by the benign Government of India! If the Scindia Company is wound up, the price of rice, coal and timber will again go up! And the Indian shippers will be at the mercy of the B.I.! Will India, modern India, nationalist India, allow their swadeshi shipping Company to be crushed by a foreign shipping Company., No a definite, determined no. My humble suggestions, therefore, are:—

(a) Conserve the Company's resources and do notdeclare a dividend.

(b) Similarly, the Managing Agents should forgo at least half their commission. If they give up the full, all the more creditable for them:

(c) And the appointment of a small Committee of shareholders to confer with the Directors on important matters concerning the progress and development of the Company—Yours etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

II

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—You published a letter from a correspondent endeavouring to justify the declaration of the dividend. But the writer, in fact gives away the whole case when he admits that the present marked value of the Company's fleet would realise 50 lakhs, exclusive of the "Loyalty." That fleet is shown in the balance sheet at Rs. 127 lakhs, and to that extent, therefore, the balance of profit is arrived at by an overvaluation of the assets to double at least their realisable value Even the insurance on the fleet does not give a value of more than Rs. 85 lakhs. I am not able to concur with your correspondent in regarding the cash balance of the paid up capital as a sort of a reserve, when the question at issue relates not to the security, of the creditors of the Company, but rather to that of theshareholders themselves. At most this balance in land only means that this portion of the proprietor's capital has not been dissipated as others may be said to have been. Nor can one quite approve of the fallacy implied in speaking of the loss on the "S. S." Frankburn, amounting to 7,82,621 rupees, as a capital loss against which presumably no provision need be made.

Your correspondent is wholly wrong when he declares that one of the purposes of a Joint Stock Company is to make some return on the monies invested. The return can and should be made only if there are adequate profits to do so. In the Scindia Company there are no profits apart from the obviously inflated assets, and so it is bad finance for the Directors to fritter away the earning in declaring premature dividends. Every one is heartily anxious to see this national shipping concern in a truly flourishing condition. But the success to be achieved for this Company demands heroic measures, and those consist not only of pressing the Government relentlesaly to show all due and proper consideration to this. Indian venture in the matter of Stores, transport and coasting trade, but also for the Company itself to resolve to wipe out that portion of its capital liability which is unrepresented by assets. Your correspondent has naively declared that Rs. 20 per share is all that the shareholders can expect if theCompany is now wound up. I agree. But I take this indication to be an imperative demand that the shareholders should not wind up the Company but resolve to reduce liability by writing off that portion of the capital which is unrepresented by marketable assets properly valued. Yours &c.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE,
Tuesday, October 31, 1922.

THE NATION'S MIND.

For some time rumour has been busy in certain quarters to the effect that Mr. C. R. Das, president-elect of the forthcoming session of the Indian National Congress, is inclined to the view which demands radical change in the Non-Cooperation movement. Those who know Mr. C. R. Das, know what value to attach to this rumour. For, there is no one who is a more passionate and firmer believer in the efficacy of the weapon which Mahatma Gandhi has presented to his countrymen to win Swaraj than Mr. Das. If there has been any doubt in any quarters as to his attitude, it will be dispelled by the message which he has just delivered to the people of the Punjab, and through them to the country at large.

It has now become the fashion with the indigenous and alien critics of the Non-Cooperation movement to say that the Non-Cooperation movement has failed. With these critics the wish has always been father to the thought. Among the indigenous critics of the movement, however, are also those who think that the battle of Swaraj has already been lost because of the Non-Cooperation movement. To such faint-hearted critics Mr. C. R. Das gives the effective reply that the labours of the last two years have met with signal success and "if the truth must be told, this burning desire for freedom is more in evidence amongst the masses to-day than amongst the educated people." Who will gainsay this truth? If any, let him cast his glance at the struggle that is now going on in the Punjab. Stalwart and sturdy Sikhs, with *kirpans* on them, have borne the brutal assaults, with marvellous self-restraint. In history there is no parallel to such suffering with such perfect calm and self-restraint. In Guru-ka-Bagh the non-violent spirit engendered by the Non-Cooperation movement has reached its climax. What greater tribute to the success of the movement he launched could its founder have than this? Well might Mr. Das say: "Do I not see evidence of the coming Swaraj in the Punjab?" And what is the lesson of the struggle of the Akalis? It is this that the Sikhs who bore suffering "believed in the truth of their cause." As Mr. Das says: "That is what is necessary. You must be prepared to fight for what you believe to be true. The battle of Swaraj is ever a battle of truth. The splendid sacrifice of the Akalis gives me more courage to fight for Swaraj."

The Kemalists achieved their victories because they were prepared to make, and made, the highest sacrifice for a cause which they believed to be the cause of truth. To India, her leader has shown the path of non-violence and the Sikhs in the Punjab have proved how gloriously it can be followed by those who believe in the truth of their cause. The Mahatma, the Ali brothers and hundreds of other patriots, who have gone to jail, have no less gloriously proved this. The triumph which has attended the arms of Mustafa Kemal against heavy odds is unparalleled in the history of struggling nations. It has paved the way for the deliverance of Asia from bondage to the West. But a greater triumph awaits India if she but faithfully and bravely uses the weapon which her great leader has presented to her. For, her triumph, through non-violence, will pave the way for the deliverance of the world from the bondage of militarism and all its attendant evils. Mr. Das said he did not believe that Non-Cooperation was going to be given up and that personally he could not think of any other method for attaining Swaraj. "The items of Non-Cooperation may be altered, may be added to", he said, "but for a people situated as we are it is not Cooperation but Non-Cooperation which will bring us our goal." And that Mr. C. R. Das has but spoken the mind of the nation is strikingly demonstrated by the resolution just passed by the Delhi Provincial Conference at Muzzafarpore, declaring the determination of the people to carry out the programme of Non-Cooperation to its triumphant end.

ECONOMICS OF NATION-BUILDING.

That the co-operative movement, as opposed to the existing competitive and capitalistic economic system, is one of the two world movements which are going to revolutionize the entire fabric of society is gradually coming to be recognized in the East and the West, in far-off America and Japan, in Egypt and Ireland, in Denmark and Italy, in Germany and Russia. In India the modern form of co-operative organization owes its existence to the State though it has an ancient indigenous counterpart, as witnessed in the organizations governing village life, and castes, in Mahajans and punchayats, in trade guilds and craftsmen's associations. But under bureaucratic patronage these traditional institutions have lost their influence, and their spirit has withered away. When, however, Co-operation was preached to the people in its new garb, it found ready adherents, both among the agricultural and urban classes, although the close association of the State kept away and does keep away several very desirable workers under whose guidance the movement would soon have become one of the most beneficently active forces in the life of the nation. India was being led on to that type of industrialization which has been the curse of modern Europe and America, and even her agricultural industry was in danger of succumbing to the shibboleths of large-scale production under the aegis of capitalist proprietors. To Gandhiji belongs the credit of opening the eyes of the nation to the beauty in, and the real economic value of, small-scale production carried on in homes and cottags, and of pointing out the dangers inherent in submitting to the tyranny of the machine and the capitalist entrepreneur who controls it. Similar praise is due to the pioneer workers responsible for the spread of co-operative credit in the rural areas on the country, who, by their steady and persistent labour, showed that even amidst an impoverished and illiterate peasantry, the organization of banking and other facilities through self-governing local institutions held out a hope for the improvement of the country's basic industry and for the moral and material advancement of those engaged in it.

That the seed sown by these pioneers has not fallen on infertile soil is evident from a study of the facts and figures contained in the last annual report on the working of Co-operative Societies in the Bombay Presidency. Agricultural societies, which number 2,753 in the Presidency, have a membership of over two lakhs and command a working capital of a crore and sixty lakhs. One of the most satisfactory features of the agricultural credit movement in this Presidency is that the societies do not represent so many groups of villages absorbing outside funds, but have begun to assume, in an increasing proportion, their true role of village banks raising local capital on the local credit of the managing committees. Another interesting feature of the development of the movement is the growing desire evinced by rural co-operators of organizing the sale of agricultural produce. The number of co-operative sale societies was nearly 40 at the close of the last year, and the Bombay Central Co-operative Bank, through its branches, undertakes the sale of jaggery. The other important crop that is handled by co-operative agency is cotton, and the working of some of the cotton sale societies in East Khandesh and Dharwar is described as being eminently satisfactory. If these attempts at co-operative marketting succeed, it may be hoped that we shall soon witness the producer assuming control over the sale of important crops, such as cotton, wheat or jaggery. The bringing of producers into direct contact with consumers, preferably through their own co-operative organizations, may assist in effecting such enormous reductions in intermediate profits and expenses as will probably transform the economic basis of our daily life. It is a pity that the psychological time for getting consumers to organize themselves into co-operative stores, with a view to controlling the means of distribution and production was not availed of fully. That is one of the minor banes of the prevailing system of administration which fails to feel the pulse of the public and cannot evoke response even to an appeal for so good and noble a cause as organizing the revolt of the consumer! The producers' movement is reported to be making considerable headway and exclusive of 53 weavers' societies, there were 18 societies of different classes of workers and artisans. The weavers' societies stand by themselves as a distinct class as their aim is to assist individuals in the pursuit of their craft, namely, weaving, by the provision of credit facility, the supply of raw materials and tools, and the sale of manufactured articles. The aim of the producers' movement is less individualistic. In the producers' societies the members carry on work in common and share the profits or divide the losses on a joint basis. The societies represent in a sense a revival of the medieaval system of guilds, and are groping towards the modern theory of guild socialism. The underlying principles of the movement appear to have secured an easy convert among the handicraftsman or artisan who till lately had his own trade mahajan or punchayat, and it has moreover afforded a new method of organizing unskilled labour, at present most shamelessly exploited by contractors.

For the provision of finance to primary societies— mainly of the agricultural type, as the non-agricultural societies carry on business largely with owned and local capital— there were in existence on 31st March, 1922, 19 central banks, inclusively of the Bombay Central Co-operative Bank, which serves as an apex bank for the Presidency. These institutions had a capital of over a crore and a quarter at the close of the year, and their resources seem to be capable of still further expansion. The principal defect is that while the financial responsibility rests with the various co-operative institutions, almost unlimited powers of control are vested in the Registrar of Co-operative Societies who is responsible only to the Government. The Registrar has under him a staff of official and unofficial workers through whom he can influence even the internal administration of societies and can largely direct their policy. Mr. Rothfeld, the present Registrar, attempts to show in his Report that a definite attempt is being made to transfer control to the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute. But the attempt is hardly successful and Mr. Rothfeld does not mention what devolution of powers has been achieved, in what respect authority has been delegated to co-operative institutions, how decentralization has been secured and who directs the policy of the movement ultimately. Unless the answers to these questions are satisfactory, and a definite effort is made to divest the Registrar of his wide powers, the co-operative movement will fail to impress the public mind as a truly national endeavour that it actually is.

Notes of the Day

International Indebtedness.

In the course of an address to the American Bankers' Association early this month, Mr. Reginald McKenna, some time Liberal Chancellor of the Exchequer in England, and now chairman of one of the most important Joint Stock Banks in London and a supporter of Mr. Bonar Law, frankly told the audience that of all the debtor countries in the world, England alone had the ability to meet her obligations to the United States. "Notwithstanding her immense sale of securities to the United States in the second and third years of the war", he said, "a sale which largely furnished the means of paying for the goods of all kinds bought by the Allies, England still owns sufficient foreign securities to cover her debt to the United States two or three times over. But neither France nor Italy has similar reserves of wealth, and I doubt if either of them has sufficient to meet more than a trifling part of their foreign debt." Mr. McKenna was honest enough to face the only solution of international indebtedness, viz., payment by debtor countries by means of goods or securities, making up the exportable surplus in each case; and his reasoning inevitably led him to recognise that under present conditions Germany had no exportable surplus. If, therefore, reparation payments are ruthlessly demanded from her the only consequence would be the perpetuation of the vicious circle of currency depreciation and general insecurity. He is perfectly right in requiring for Germany a moratorium long enough to enable her to stabilise her currency and finances. Thereafter Mr. McKenna proposes to limit the reparations only to the exportable surplus of German wealth every year, but does not specify the number of years during which reparations could be exacted. We presume Mr. McKenna, like most of his countrymen, accepts Mr. Keynes' figure of the utmost that can be obtained from Germany at £2,000 million.

Why Not Cancel India's Debt?

No one would question the liberalism of these suggestions, nor the commercial honesty of asking Britain to honour her bond even in face of a general liquidation for the rest of the world. But Mr. McKenna, we think, appears to have overestimated Britain's capacity to meet the American debt unaided by the credits due to her from her whilom allies. In the week when Mr. McKenna was delivering his address, the British financial Press was bemoaning the effects of the Fordney tariff upon British exports to the United States. We recognise the Tariff clauses will not apply to the export of securities. The well-known financial writer, Mr. Hartley Withers, writing in the "Saturday Review", puts forward tentatively a scheme of mobilising foreign securities held by British nationals, in exchange for British Government bonds of slightly higher yield. But though it is feasible—and not unlikely—to pay off the British debt to America by such means, we doubt if the sponsors of such suggestions have adequately considered their effects upon the general organisation of international trade. We in India are only indirectly concerned in all such considerations, unless the forthcoming inquiry in the public expenditure of the country faces the radical suggestions of debt reduction that some witnesses before the Committee are putting forward. The Indian national (?) debt has grown to over 800 crores, of which nearly 500 crores is officially admitted to be frankly unproductive. The deadweight of unproductive interest is 20 crores a year, practically the whole of it incurred for and on account of the war. If Britain leads the way in the generous proposal of a universal cancellation of debts from all those frankly unable to pay, she would be doing but a simple act of grace to this country by permitting it to be excused the 150 crores of war contributions and other amounts making up the present figure of our admittedly unproductive debt, by taking it upon herself. If Britain fails to show generosity enough to do so, her lead in the question of world indebtedness will be gravely misunderstood in this country.

Enver's Tribute To Kemal.

The stories about the reported death of Enver Pasha have been as circumstantial and conflicting as those about the death of Lenin. The "Muslim Outlook" of Lahore extracts from "Al-Lima" of Cairo what purports to be a message from Enver Pasha to Kemal Pasha on his victory. The message runs as follows:

"Though unable at the present moment to render any service directly to my beloved Motherland and the Nationalist Turks, I feel the greatest pride in declaring that the Turkish armies are today led by a Commander-in-Chief who is the pride of the East. The Turcoman States convey through me their heartfelt pleasure and congratulation on your auspicious victories."

Justice and Magistracy.

The not infrequent failure of Justice, so far as political cases are concerned, has been exposed times without number. That discovery was not made by Non-Co-operators, for a number of important political cases, since the days of Parnell, not to go further back, had borne out the fears of the sceptics. In this country the thick blind of the goddess not seldom seems to turn to gossamer, the politics of the accused deflecting the even tenour of justice. The reader will recall Justice S. R. Das's remarks in this connexion. In a recent appeal against a sentence of two weeks' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 for an offence of simple hurt, Mr. Hobart, District Magistrate of Fyzabad, made some scathing remarks about the trying Magistrate who gave the vindictive sentence. In acquitting the accused Hobart remarked that the trying Magistrate would not have inflicted so heavy a sentence had not the accused been a Non-Cooperator. Referring to the tendency to run down politicians under any law Mr. Hobart said that "for illegal political activities, certain sections are provided and I would entirely discourage the method which, I fear, has been adopted in various districts of running in politicians under sections 109, 110 C.P.C. and also various Sections of I.P.C. such as 323, 447, 426 instead of running men under definite sections provided for such offences such as 108, 506 and also 124A and 153A." And yet we are asked to believe that we are slaves only to law!

Boycott of Mr. Athavle's Court.

An urgent meeting of the Police Court Bar Association was held on Saturday and a resolution was unanimously passed recording "emphatic protest against the rude and curt treatment meted out by Mr. B. N. Athavle, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, to a junior professional member of the Bar" and declaring that "as a mark of protest no legal gentleman belonging to the Police Court Bar should appear in his Court till sufficient amends are made by Mr. Athavle both to the professional gentleman concerned and to the Bar in general and an assurance is given by him for better and equal treatment to all members of the profession in future." It is not necessary to describe the incident which led to the resolution being passed. It was fully dealt with in the speeches that were made. This is, we believe, the first time in the history of the Police Court Bar Association that a resolution of this kind has been passed. This fact and the outspoken and vehement character of the speeches that were made are a sufficient measure of the extent to which the feelings and susceptibilities of the members of the Bar have been hurt by the specific action and the general attitude of Mr. Athavle. The Bar Association would have stultified itself in the eyes of the public if it had not acted as it has done. We congratulate it on the uncompromising manner in which it has vindicated its professional dignity and we have no doubt its action will have the desired salutary effect.

Top-heavy Army Staff.

"Truth" writes:—

"I have been doing a little research work myself in regard to my old friends the highly-paid "deputies," most of whom were specially provided to enable the most exalted personages in the War Office to be absent from their offices to advise politicians and others in time of war. The need for most of these deputies has now ceased. The most important of such appointments, that of Deputy Chief of the Imperial General Staff, has lapsed on the promotion of Lieut.-General Sir Philip Chetwode to Adjutant-General. It would take years to lop off one by one all the minor branches of the military tree referred to in the previous paragraph but if the axe is laid to the root they may fall of themselves. I therefore call special attention to the continued existence at the War Office of the following appointments:—

A.-G. Dept.—Deputy Director of Organisation (temp.).

A.-G. Dept.—Deputy Director-General A.M.S.

A.-G. Dept.—Deputy Director of Pathology.

Q.M.G. Dept.—Deputy Quartermaster-General (temp.)

Q.M.G. Dept.—Deputy Director of Supplies and Transport (temp.)

Q.M.G. Dept.—Deputy Director of Equipment and Ordnance Stores.

Among the "temps" on the list there may still be some reasonable, though "temp.," need of the one under the Adjutant-General in these days of reorganisation and disorganisation; but I see none in the case of the others."

Nowhere is the Army Staff more bloated than in India. A committee was said to be investigating the staff requirements of the Indian army headquarters, but nobody knows what this Committee has been able to achieve. Meanwhile, the "Madras Mail" has reason to believe "that save for the abolition of a few minor posts, no reduction is contemplated, the Army Headquarters holding that the staff cannot be reduced without impairing efficiency. And this notwithstanding the fact that the staff is far more numerous than in pre-war days and many times more expensive." Our contemporary trusts that "Lord Inchcape will not be timid in his use of the pruning knife in this most over-grown quarter." Let us wait and see.

APOSTROPHE TO GOLDEN TEMPLE, AMRITSA

Twelve years ago it was—grey clouds did cast
A dull and cheerless gloom with chilly rain
On streets and houses, bustling noise amain
Of traffic, mendicants swelled still to blast
The quiet pilgrim's ear; thou lookedst aghast
At thy pale golden image shivered lain
Athwart the wavering marbled mirror; vain
Thine effort then to merge thy creeds: at last
Thy hour of triumph, unity has dawned;
I see thee calm in golden splendour wake
From green-blue clear crystal of the lake,
Thy sun-lit dome and minarets around
Faith's symbols ever pointing to the sky
Inspire the martyred Sikh in peace to die.

A. S. BHANDARKAR.

Oct. 27.

NEAR EAST CONFERENCE.

SUBLIME PORTE'S REPRESENTATION

ANGORA GOVERNMENT'S RESENTMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Constantinople.—It is understood the Cabinet has decided to accept the invitation to the Lausanne Conference, but the Angora Government resents the inclusion of Constantinople in the invitation and will probably try to prevent the despatch of a separate mission from the Porte.

RUMANIAN DELEGATE.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Bukharest.—The Foreign Minister Duca will represent Rumania at the Near East Conference.

MYSORE REFORMS.

PUBLIC MEETING AT BANGALORE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, Oct. 28.

A largely attended public meeting was held this evening to consider the administrative reform proposals recently announced, Dewan Bahadur Puttanchetti, C.I.E., presiding. Many leading members of the bar spoke on the subject criticising the various features in the scheme while no definite alternative proposals were advanced by way of constructive criticism. Dewan Bahadur Govinda Raghava Iyer of Madras spoke a few words during which he stated that though the proposed scheme was somewhat imperfect and capable of considerable improvement he could not too strongly urge optimism and moderation and pointed out the various opportunities presented by the scheme for rapid future advancement. The President before closing stated that Mysore being a constitutional monarchy, His Highness the Maharaja who by liberalising the constitution imposes additional responsibilities would also keep pace with the popular wishes and sentiments.

DISTRESS WARRANT AGAINST N. C. O.

Mr. Sureshchandra Bhattacharjiya is a native of Assam. He was a B.A. student of the Fergusson College of Poona but left his studies in pursuance of the call of the N.C.O. movement and went back to his province and worked there as a member in charge of the publicity department of the Provincial Congress Committee. He was subsequently arrested at Gauhati under section 17 (1) of the Criminal Laws Amendment Act of 1908 and the Deputy Commissioner of Kamrup sentenced him to three months' rigorousi mprisonment in addition to a fine of Rs. 50 or in defalt a further two months' rigorous imprisonment. Quite naturally he refused to pay the fine and underwent the full term of imprisonment. After his release he came to Bombay. Subsequently it transpired that the Deputy Commissioner of Kamrup (Assam) issued a distress warrant against him for his failure to pay the above fine, though he had undergone additional impriso.ment in default of the payment. Learning that Mr. Bhattacharjiya had come to Bombay the D. C. of Kamrup sent the distress warrant to be enforced here. Accordingly the Police Superintendent in charge of Lamington Road Police Station, summoned Mr. Bhattacharjiya and asked him to pay the amount. On his refusal he (S. P.) ordered his moveable belongings to be seized. The police went to his residence at 2nd Bhatwadi Lane yesterday morning and took away what few belongings he had, which, consisted of one iron cot and one steel trunk. They did not, however, touch his other small things of personal use.

PICKETING IN GUJARAT.

The Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee has accepted the recommendation of its Executive Committee for undertaking picketing of foreign cloth shops. It has also resolved, only one member dissenting expressing its unswerving faith in the boycott of councils.

The rateable value of the County of London area is steadily increasing. The latest figures show that the rateable value, which in 1920, was forty (thirty) five and a half million sterling has now increased to nearly forty-one millions.—(British official wireless.)

THRACE.

EVACUATION OF GREEK TROOPS COMPLETED

TURKISH GENDARMERIE'S ENTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Constantinople.—The last train load of Greek troops will leave Thrace to-night thus completing the withdrawal. The majority of the civil population has already been evacuated. The first contingent of Turkish Gendarmerie arrives in Thrace to-morrow.

RELIEF OF GREEK REFUGEES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

A letter to the press, signed by Lord Robert Cecil, Lord Gleichen, Nixon-Johnson, Col. Aubrey Herbert and Sir J. P. Hewett on behalf of the Near and Middle East Association, suggests that Britain shall place the balance of loan promised to Greece in 1918 but withheld on Constantine's return, to the credit of the League of Nations for the purpose of the relief of the Greeks from Asia Minor and Thrace, who have become homeless and starving refugees.

OUDH KHILAFAT CONFERENCE.

The Secretary, Oudh Khilafat Committee, writes:—

The Oudh Khilafat Committee, at its meeting held on the 8th October, accepted a resolution of the Fyzabad District Khilafat Committee requesting the holding of the Provincial Khilafat Conference at Fyzabad in November. The date of the Conference will be notified hereafter.

OUDH RENT ACT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Oct. 28.

At the U. P. Legislative Council today Hon Mr. Fremantle, Finance Member introduced the bill to amend the Oudh Rent Act of 1886 the object of which was to remove certain errors in drafting section 159 of the last bill regarding ejectment suits.

CABLE ITEMS.

Twenty cases of small-pox are reported in the Poplar work-house.

Britain's first internal air route connecting London and Manchester has already been definitely successful. During the first six days ending Saturday, air expresses on this route carried fory passengrs.

EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 28.

In the course of a letter to the press urging that in view of the present conditions and the important work now in hand in connection with the amendment of the Criminal Procedure-Code and other matters all eligible Europeans should support the European Association and become members. Mr. J. D. Crawford, General Secretary, European Association, says:—It seems to the Council of the Association that the reconstitution of the central administration offers suitable occasion for briefly setting forth the aims they propose to keep before them in conducting the affairs of the Association. These are:—(1) Maintenance of British rights in India by all constitutional means, (2) protection of European minorities throughout India from aggression be it racial or otherwise, (3) more practical recognition of kinship with the Anglo-Indian domiciled community and fostering of relationships of cordiality and co-operation with those Indians who are working constructively for the good of India.

INDORE NEWS.

VICEREGAL VISIT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

INDORE, October, 27th

Members of the Viceregal party yesterday visited the Dhar State. Lady Reading was present at the Residency in the afternoon to witness a Bhil Dance. There was an interesting cricket match between a combined team of the Daly College and Dhar visitors and the Yeshwant Club which resulted in a victory for the home team. H. H. the Maharaja was present during the Cricket match.

This evening there was a display of Fire Works at the Lalbaugh Pallace when the whole palace gardens were illuminated and tastefully decorated.

The Industral Exhibition which was was opened by Lady Reading on Sunday last at the King Edward Hall was largely attended by crowds. Lord Reading's health is improving and the Viceregal party leaves Indore in the afternoon on the 31st by a special train.

Mahatmaji's Lieutenant, Kakasahib Kalelkar, presides over the first Karnatak Provincial Educational Conference which meets on the 2nd and 3rd November in the National School, Hubli.

The Maharani of Baroda has contributed Rs. 1,00,000 for the higher education of girls.

NOT PRACTICAL POLITICS.

BALDWIN SCOUTS "PROTECTION"

DEVELOPMENT OF EMPIRE RESOURCES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin in a speech at Worcester declared that protection was outsid the pale of practical politics. No industry could look for direct or indirect subsidy of public money in any circumstances. Government could help agriculture only in two ways—namely reforming the rating system and by credit schemes.

SIR J. P. HEWETT'S CANDIDATURE.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Sir J. P. Hewett has been adopted as Conservative candidate for Luton.

DRUG TRAFFIC IN LONDON.

POLICE RAID ON THE CHINESE.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The drug traffic is occupying the attention of the London police. Three Chinese opium smokers residing in Poplar have been convicted at the Thames Police Court and been fined from £25 to three. Three Chinese have been arrested in the West End for the alleged possession of a quantity of cocaine.

POSITION OF PENSIONERS.

PREMIER'S REPLY TO ALLEGATION.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Premier, in a letter to the Unionist candidate at Frome, deals with the allegation that the proposal to abolish the Pensions Ministry means that the position of pensioners will be made worse. He declares that he would be the last man, who for the sake of economy would do anything to diminish the advantages which the pensioners now enjoy.

"NOBLESSE OBLIGE."

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Secretary of State for India has approved the grant of the vacant Good Service Pension to Major-General J. G. Hunter, Indian Army (retired.

EMPIRE EXHIBITION.

"TIMES" COMMENTS ON BRITISH PRODUCTS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The "Times," in a leading article on the British products at the Wembley Exhibition, says that the object lesson of the self-supporting Empire is desirable enough to justify the special effort to secure its achievement. The existence of difficulties cannot be disputed, but with the co-operation and goodwill of all parties most of them can be overcome. The problem is largely a matter of organisation. The products exist, but there remains the question of ensuring regular supplies of quality and price satisfactory to consumers. It will be a happy outcome of the controversy if the present efforts to meet the practical difficulties result in the establishment of permanent channels of trade.

A.-I. POST OFFICE CONFERENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Madras October 29.

The third session of All-India (including Burma) Post Office and R. M. S. Conference commenced to-day in Madras. Delegates fromall provinces including Burma attending. After the welcome address was read by Mr. M. Somasundera Mudaliar, Chairman the Reception Committee, Mr. K. V. Rangaswami Iyengar, Member Council of State, President-elect was proposed to the chair. In the course of his address Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar told Postal employees that itwas in their own association and organisation that they could find salvation..

Continued from Column 4.

quarters of the Railwaymen's union. No serious incidents are reported from other provinces.

SITUATION CALMS DOWN.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Rome.—Following the refusal of Sgr. Salandra to form a Ministry, the King has asked the Fascist leader Mussolini to form a Cabinet.

All newspapers eulogise the King's refusal to sign the Martial Law order. The city bears its normal appearance to-day, trams and other vehicles plying as usual. Some disturbances were directed against the premises of anti-Fascists newspapers.

ITALIAN SITUATION

POSSIBILITY OF FASCISTI

MARTIAL LAW ANTIQUATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.

News from Italy is somewhat conflicting. The Italian Embassy in Paris announces that the situation in Italy is tranquil. It is privately reported in Paris that a new Italian ministry has been formed with a Fascisti majority. According to the "Giornale d'Italia," however, Sgr. Salandra has been requested to form a Cabinet and has asked for time to consider his reply. Meanwhile, Sgr. Mussolini who is in Milan has issued a proclamation that the Fascisti military command has assumed direction of affairs Sgr. Mussolini has declared his readiness to form a Cabinet if called upon by the King to do so.

MARTIAL LAW IN MILAN.

The Paris "Matin" reports from Milan that martial law has been proclaimed there and that all meetings are forbidden and all permits to carry arms are cancelled. A number of Fascisti from outside have been arrested for illegally carrying arms. Motor traffic is stopped and trams are running a restricted service. Public services generally are suspended and shops closed. The city is calm. The Fascisti have taken possession of the office of the "Popolo d'Italia", where they have installed their headquarters and erected sandbag barricades around the building. They have also taken over the Polytechnic and the Bersaglieri barracks. Military forces have placed machine-guns at strategic points and troops and Carabinieri are guarding the approaches to the Central Square, where all traffic is stopped. The Royal Guards and Carabinieri are guarding Via San Marco where the Fascisti headquarters are situated. All troops except those on duty are confined to barracks. The Fascisti claim to have taken possession of several towns.

FASCISTI SUCCESSES.

Reuter's Rome correspondent wires that hitherto the Fascisti have gained almost entirely bloodless successes. The momentum of the movement is attributable to the widespread support including greater part of the army and navy which it has received. The Fascisti claim to control Tuscany and Umbria and are now encircling towns in Basilicata and Calabria. Disregarding military orders they continue to wear uniforms in Rome and their parade in the streets is acclaimed by the populace.

MARTIAL LAW ANTIQUATED.

KING'S REFUSAL TO SIGN DECREE.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Rome, Oct. 29.—When Rome awoke yesterday morning the only signs of impending excitement were the cessation of trains, trams and all means of locomotion, while the bridges uniting various quarters were closed with barbed wire. Cavalry, artillery and armoured cars dominated strategic points of the city and troops occupied the Fascisti headquarters. General Pugliese issued a proclamation forbidding gatherings and processions and also wearing of uniforms. Astonishment reached its climax when a Proclamation of State was posted up, but was soon after rescinded on account of the King's refusal to sign it on the ground that such measures were antiquated and that he was averse to taking any step obliging soldiers to fire on other subjects. Thousands of Fascisti and nationalists in characteristic uniform marched in military formation to the Quirinal Palace where the spokesmen thanked the King for his action. His Majesty replied appreciating the demonstration of loyalty.

THE KING THANKED.

The Fascisti headquarters were later returned to the owners amidst frantic enthusiasm. Trams and bus services were restored to-day and the city resumed its normal aspect until the afternoon; when bodies of Fascisti conflicted with the communists with the result that one person was killed and several wounded.

Telegrams from the provinces report further seizures of public buildings, but no further fighting.

WILL MUSSOLINI FORM CABINET?.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Rome—Sgr. Mussolini has refused to participate in any cabinet, but apparently is willing to form one himself keeping the portfolios of Foreign Affairs and the Interior in his own hands and distributing the remaining portfolios among various parties including Catholics. It is expected that when Sgr. Mussolini is formally entrusted with the formation of the Cabinet, possibly to-day, there will be no further Fascisti action.

COMMANDEERING MOTORS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The troops camped around Fascisti leaders requisitioned all available motor conveyances, including buses plying between Rome and the surrounding country, and these vehicles can be seen leaving the city full of sacks of bread. The attitude of the police is sympathetic.

FASCISTI DEFY LAW AND ORDER.

LONDON, Oct. 30

Rome.—Disturbances at Bologna yesterday resulted in a conflict between the Fascisti and the Government forces, in which one of the latter was killed and one wounded. Other collisions occurred at San Rufillo and Verona where three Fascisti were killed The Fascisti at Genoa set fire to the head

Continued in Column 3.

EGYPT'S NEW STATUS.

ANNEXATION OR INDEPENDENCE?

EGYPTIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS AT BERLIN.

A meeting was held at the Oriental Club, Berlin of Egyptians delegated by Egyptian societies and different institutions in Germany, England, Austria, Switzerland, France, Belgium and Italy, in response to the invitation of the Committee of Egyptian National Defence in Germany. The assembled Egyptians met as an Egyptian National Congress, which started on Monday 18th Sept. 1922 and lasted for three successive days under the presidency of Dr. Yehya ah. El Dardiry. The present prevalent conditions in Egypt, and in particular the proclamation made by England on 28th Feb. 1922 in which she recognised Egypt as an independent sovereign state and retained the following reservations:—1 The right to safeguard the Suez Canal and the different communications. 2 The protection of minorities and foreigners. 3 The retention of the Soudan was considered at length. Moreover, it is proposed to hold new negotiations with representatives of the nation after the meeting of the Parliament which will be shortly convoked, and those negotiation will be based on the fore-mentioned points with a view to conclude a treaty between Egypt and England.

After deliberate consideration, the assembled members of the Congress passed the following resolutions:

1 The Congress considers the Proclamation of 28th Feb. 1922 as meant reality for the annexation of Egypt, the Soudan and the Dependancies to the possessions of Great Britain and for keeping as in bondage for ever.

2 Egypt alone has the right to negotiate with the different Powers for the abolition of the present system of Capitulations.

3 The Soudan is an indivisible part of Egypt.

4 The Congress upholds the international treaty of 1888 which concerning the neutrality of the Suez Canal.

5 The independence of Egypt is essential for safeguarding the neutrality of the Canal.

6 The Congress does not recognise any private interest nor privilege for England in Egypt and the Soudan beyond the provileges recognised for the European Powers in the international treaties.

7 All the treaties or agreements concluded between Egypt and England are considered void and valueless so long as they encroach upon the rights of Egypt, the Sudan or the Dependencies and the Egyptian National declines all responsibility arising from such agreements.

8 The Congress firmly holds the principle that no negiotiation nor alliance nor agreement could ever be made with England so long as there remains a single British soldier on the soil of the Nile Valley.

9 The Congress strongly protests against the maintenance of the British Martial Law in Egypt and the exceptional measures there privalent, as well as against the different means adopted for persecuting the liberals, exiling the nationalists and stifling the liberty of the Press and meetings.

10 The Congress holds the acting Egyptian Cabinet as responsible for all that took and takes place in Egypt at the present mement, and deems it the Cabinet's duty to resign office.

11 A Cabinet's responsibility does not fall as soon as it is out of power. The Cabinet's members and their supporters are always held responsible for their misrule and abuse of power.

12 The Congress urges the nation: To decline all participation in the approaching Parliamentary elections as this Parliament is only a part of the Project of the 28th Feb.

13 To persevere in its rightful fight for the complete, internal as well as external, independence of Egypt, the Sudan and the Dependencies.

14 To boycott the traitors of Fatherland, in Egypt and abroad; to adopt all the means possible to stop their treachery and to exert all efforts to put to an end to their intrigues.

15 To boycott the trade of the usurpers of our sacred liberty—boycotting being such an influential arm.

16 To withdraw all investments deposited in the English Banks and to deposit them in Banks absolutely Egyptian.

17 To refrain from all dealings whatever, in Egypt and abroad with the individuals of our enemy and the foreigners who, support his policy

18 To exert all efforts to spread and encourage enementary education and establish Abdults schools—even in mosques, churches and private houses, and to encourage the movement of sending public missions to Europe and America for specialisation in all the important matters.

19 To encourage the formation of the different kinds of trade unions all over Egypt.

20 The Congress appointed a committee of five and requested them to do every possible effort in carrying these resolution.

21 The Congress sends its greetings to the brave sons of Egypt who fell victims

(Continued in column

REPARATIONS COMMISSION.

SEEKING CLOSER CO-OPERATION WITH BERLIN

BRADBURY CONFERS WITH NEW PREMIER.

SIMLA, Oct. 30.

Sir John Bradbury the British delegate on the Reparation Commission left London yesterday for Paris and to-day he will travel to Berlin, in company with his colleagues on that Commission. The newspapers state that the purpose of his visit to London was to discuss the Reparation question with the new Government, and according to the "Sunday Times," he had conferences with the new Prime Minister and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. It is stated that the purpose of the Berlin visit is to press for more.

Intimate co-operation between the reparation Commission and the German Government along the lines of securing the budget equilibrium and the stabilisation of the Mark. The "Observer" points out that only two months now remain before the end of the year when the present provisional scheme of the German payment expires. It adds that on January 1st, therefore, unless the Allies have by then convened the Brussels' Conference and made some other arrangements, the May 1921-22 schedule of payments will again become automatically operative. It is recalled, however, that the Reparation Commission has power to declare a moratorium on its own initiative.

ROOT OF WORLD'S FINANCIAL TROUBLES.

The new Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stanley Baldwin, in connection with the election campaign, delivered speeches at Worcester last night. Referring to the matters which the Government would have to deal with at the earliest possible moment, he said they would try to secure better working relations with France. Unless France and Britain worked together it would be impossible to reach any solution of that question of reparations and debt which was at the root of the financial troubles of the world. To attenmpt any solution without such co-operation was to invite failure. —(British official wireless.).

NON-COOPERATION.

"NOT A SPENT FORCE."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Oct. 27.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Das, with their daughter and son-in-law, were present at a largely attended public meeting to-night when a written message to the people of the Punjab and citizens of Lahore was read out to a gathering by Dr. Gopichand, President of the Lahore City Congress Committee. In the course of his message, Mr. Das dwelt at length on the achievement of non-cooperation towards the attainment of swaraj and, referring to its critics, said, "Many people say that non-cooperation has failed and we have already lost the battle of swaraj. I do not agree with that. The labours of the last two years met with signal success. If the truth must be told, this burning desire for freedom is more in evidence amongst the masses today than amongst the educated people. In the last two years we laid the foundation of swaraj. It is necessary now to construct an edifice."

Continuing, Mr. Das said, "Do I not see evidence of the coming swaraj in the Punjab to-day? Look at the great Akali movement. Remember only that those people who sacrificed themselves believed in the truth of their cause. That is what is necessary. You must be prepared to fight for what you believe to be true. The battle of swaraj is ever a battle of truth. The splendid sacrifice of the Akalis gives me more courage to fight for swaraj. I have no doubt that every one of us present on this occasion feels proud of the Akalis who are now in prison."

PLEA FOR UNITY.

Mr. Das then referred to the Multan riots and said that they must acknowledge their defects, but their weakness should not discourage them. They might fall over and over again, but true greatness lay not in never falling but in rising every time they fell. He reminded the audience that unless the Sikhs, Hindus and Mussalmans be really and truly united, the cause of swaraj would be lost.

Concluding, Mr. Das said that there was a belief in many quarters that the method of non-cooperation was going to be given up. He did not believe that. Personally he could not think of any other method for the attainment of swaraj. "The items of non-cooperation may be altered, may be added to", said Mr. Das, "but for a people situated as we are it is not cooperation but non-cooperation which will bring us our goal."

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to her merciless enemy as well as to the noble sons who are imprisoned or exiled or persecuted for the sake of their efforts for the liberation of our dear Fatherland.

22 The Congress sends its greetings to all the faithful Egyptian citizens who are bravely defending the case of their country and fighting out her happiness. The Congress can only appeal to our beloved Nation to insist upon having her full rights to brave all hardships and presecution, and to persevere in its fights for liberty until the long desired complete independence is acquired.

23 The president of the Congress is charged with the task of making these esolutions publici[illegible] tanp abroad.

MOTILAL GHOSE.

APPRECIATION BY MR. RATCLIFFE.

Mr. S. K. Ratcliffe writes in the "New Statesman:"—

AN INDIAN EDITOR

Of how many writing men in the world, I wonder, can it be said that they are known, by record and personality, to the entire body of their educated countrymen and to millions beyond the range of "education"? In England certainly (since the recent removal of a certain notorious editor), not one; and perhaps not one in any Western country. But in India this phenomenon is possible; and it has been realised in the person of the most singular editor it has ever been my fortune to know, in East or West: Babu (no one ever called him Mister) Motilal Ghose, of the *Amrita Bazar Patrika*, Calcutta The mail of last week brought the new of his death, at the age of seventy-seven. An epoch in Indian journalism comes to a close with him.

The memory I have of Motilal Ghose is of an elderly Hindu, extraordinarily slight and lean, carrying himself proudly. His shapely head was crowned with a mass of grey hair; his eyes shone; in his deep-lined face there was a mingling of mischief, pathos and subtlety. In a soft voice, with the indistinct utterance common in Bengali English, he would tell all sorts of queer and diverting things; and when he dealt, as he often did, with matters of the spirit, he always referred to his "revered brother and spiritual guide,' of whom more in a moment. During my five years in Calcutta I saw Motilal quite often. There was no Indian editor who could approach him in fascination, and I remember the delight with which the English correspondents who went round with King George (then Prince of Wales) happened upon him one afternoon in the winter of 1906. More than once he was of signal service to me—as, for instance, on an occasion when he gave me word in advance of a legal assault that was being prepared against the paper with which I was associated. His sources of inside information were seemingly complete. The Government of Bengal and the Secret Service knew this, and probably had a pretty good notion as to what the sources were. But there was no way of checking them: it was just taken for granted that, roughly speaking, the *Patrika* knew every thing that was going on in the departments. The entire officia world detested it, and read it. To every reader who knew enough of day-to-day affairs in Bengal and at Simla to follow its allusive satire it was extraordinarily amusing. In its earlier and less irresponsible days it had enjoyed a certain influence with the Sirkar, and its editors were no strangers to Government House. But times changed and Motilal became a virtual outlaw. This tacit proscription, however, mattered nothing to him. He had made for himself a unique position. The whole of India knew his name, and he could draw upon an immeasurable circle of acquaintance and correspondents. He was happiest in the remote Curzonian epoch, for Lord Curzon was an incomparable target for all the missiles in Motilal's armoury. His Excellency's speeches, his poses, his administrative enterprises, his progresses in State, his continual encounters with the Indian Princes—all alike were meat and drink to this sardonic genius.

Motilal Ghose was a Bengali Hindu. His family belonged to the Kayastha caste (the great middle caste of the educated in Bengal), and came from the village of Amrita Bazar in the Jessore district. There, at the end of the 'sixties, three brothers started a tiny vernacular weekly. Their equipment consisted of a meagre store of rupees, a wooden printing-press and a few founts of second-hand Bengali type. The brothers wrote the copy, made the ink, set the type and printed the paper. Shishir Kumar, eldest and ablest of the three, quickly got the knack and composed his copy directly at the case. The *Amrit Bazar Partika* cannot have had a circulation of more than 500, but its cleverness and audacity made it a power. In 1872, being resolved to win greater freedom and wider influence, the Ghoses took the paper to Calcutta. They retained its village name, made it a bilingual weekly and set to work to make things as hot as possible for that bright representative of Disraelian Imperialism, the first Earl of Lytton. Itwasgenerallybelievedthat Lytton's Vernacular Press Act, of stormy memory, was aimed chiefly at the Ghoses, who however, were too wily to be caught. They threw out their Bengali type, borrowed a supply of Roman, and turned the *Amrita Bazar Patrika* overnight into an English paper, outside the reach of the Act! In due time it became a daily, and for forty years it has been the oddest and most provoking journal in India. It has also, I suppose, been the most widely read. There is not a city or a district, from the Himalayas to Cape Comorin, to which some copies do not regularly find their way. It has been in continual peril of the Press Acts; but, although its deposit money has more than once been declared forfeit, its editor kept his personal liberty inviolate.

I defy anybody to describe the *Amrita Bazar Patrika*. Its news pages have always been a ragbag—though this does not distinguish it from its Indo-English contemporaries. The educated Indian has a gift for journalism, but (apart from his enterprise in the realm of official secrets) it does not show itself in the selection and writing of news. The peculiar glory of the *Amrita Bazar Partika* has been its editorial page, created by Shishir Kumar and kept up by Motilal. Written nearly all—day after day, year after year—by the editor himself, it was made up of railing accusation against Government policy and gibes against officialdom, anecdotes, fables, personal reminiscence, Hindu mysticism, essays in spiritualism—in a word, of anything that chanced at the moment to be occupying the Editor's mind or ready to his hand.

So long as the elder brother was in control the paper counted as an organ of the constitutional reform party, then in its childhood. But when Shishir Kumar renounced the follies of this world and went into retirement, Motilal, growing ever more eccentric, made it increasingly the vehicle of his private malice and foible. His editorial office was in a large Hindu family house in the northern quarter of the city. There, a dozen years ago, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald found him, in "a place that might have been an Italian palace," but with decay speaking from every stone. What Mr. MacDonald did not remark was that in the printing-house adjoining the linotype machines were at work. This queer Bengali had installed them years before they were adopted by his English contemporaries in Calcutta.

Motilal Ghose had no party and no political opinions. He was an an amalgam of intelligence and superstition, shrewdness and silliness, piety and irreverence humour, sentiment and venom. He fought the British Raj and ridiculed its officers, small and great; but hardly less vicious was he against certain of his own countrymen. The Indian Nationalists never knew where he stood, and could not guess which leader or faction would be the next target for his shafts. He was an ultra-individualist, essentially anti-political an impossible colleague, as the constitutional reformers knew; the most awkward of allies, as the extremists discovered again and again. He cared nothing about the movement towards Self-government. His genuine interest (apart from his Vaishnava faith and his adventures in the spirit borderland) was devoted to the Indian Rajas, the welfare of the literate classes and the changing life of rural Bengal. Motilal had one everlasting plaint against the British Raj. He was convinced that railways and commercialism had involved the choking up of the natural waterways throughout Bengal, with a consequent alarming spread, especially among the middle ranks, of plague and malaria. Bengal, he insisted, was a dying land. "There is no need to talk about driving the English from India," cried Motilal in his wild fashion to a well-known English journalist; "in twenty years they will be driven out by the stench of our rotting corpses!"

It might easily be argued that the passing of so strange a specimen of the Indian Intelligentsia is not a political or journalistic portent, since the Indian Press cannot have been greatly affected by his influence and vagaries. Of this I am not so sure; but the important point is that practically all the powerful figures of the Indian Press have now gone from the scene, the retirement from the Bengalee of that remarkable veteran, Sir Surendranath Banerjea, having occurred just before the death of Motilal Ghose. One Indian daily, the "Leader" of Allahabad, has a weighty and accomplished editor in Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, an eminent liberal of Upper India. But no Indian editor of comparable force is, so far as I know, at present in command of a newspaper in any grant city, while in Bombay the leading Indian daily is in editorial charge of the Anglo-Moslem, Mr. Marmaduke Pickthall. Here, it must be admitted, is a curious, and by no means encouraging feature of the Indian situation at a most critical stage.

ANGORA-GEORGE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir—Having reason to believe that your influential and instructive journal is read by the world at large; I have endeavoured "to paraphrase two six-lettered words, Angora—George, for the benefit, edification and meditation of a certain distinguished ex-Premier. In requesting your good self to publish this, let me express my sincerest thanks and gratitude to you for your magnificent, fearless and triumphant championahip of our Angora Cause.

Angora	A	
Nationalist	N	
Government	G	
Ousts	O	ANGORA.
Remoseless	R	
Anatagonists.	A.	
Grecian	G	
Exploitation	E.	
Obtains	O.	GEORGE.
Resignation (and)	R.	
Gratification (away)	G.	
Entente Nations	E.	

Yours, etc,

Merwan N. Coorlawala,

Late Major, 19th Turkish Cavalry.

H. E. the Viceroy will leave Indore for Gwalior on Tuesday afternoon, 31st October.

Mrs. Pocklington has left Government House and Sir John Marshall has arrived at Government House on Sunday.

Moulana Abdul Bari, a member of the All-India Congress Committee made a declaration on October 27th as the editor of a new daily Urdu paper named "Inqualab" and an Urdu monthly women's magazine "Aeena" to be started from the beginning of next month at Patna.

The Rangoon rice market is firm and paddy prices are still 185 to 195 for rail and boat paddy respectively despite the early ending of the season. (A. P.).

"FOLLOW MAHATMA GANDHI."

FAITH IN CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

TRIPLE BOYCOTT ADVOCATED.

DELHI POLITICAL CONFERENCE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

The third session of the Delhi Provincial Political Conference was held at Muzaffarnagar on 27th and 28 October. a large number of delegates from all districts and the following among others attended from outside the Province. Bi Amman, Begum Mohmadali, Pandit Madan Mohan Malavaya, Pandit Arjunlal Sethi, Swami Narasinhadevaji. Mahatma Shammandinji, Shrimati Satyawati Sjts. Tassuduk, Ahmad Sherwan Moazzamali, Ramdas Gandhi, Haribhaoji, Editor, Hindi "Navjivan," Gaurishankerji Misra and Lalchand Falak. The President Shiromoni Gurudwara Pradandhak Committee sent his message of good wishes through Sardar Gurubaksh Sinha, Vice-Chairman, Provincial Congress Committee. On both days the big pandal was packed to its utmost capacity both delegates and visitors taking a live interest in the discussions. On the 27th morning the procession of the President elect Mrs. Sarojini Naidu passed through the main streets which were beautifully decorated and overcrowded with thousands of men and women. The local municipality presented an address of welcome to both the President-elect and Bi Amman.

REVIEW OF POLITICAL SITUATION.

The session opened on the 27th afternoon with "Bande Mataram" and other national songs. Shriyut Sunderlal, Chairman, Reception Committee, welcomed the delegates and visitors assembled in an impressive speech, in which he also touched upon the present political situation of the country and referred to the changes suggested in the Congress programme in certain quarters. He reviewed the history of the non-co-operation movement during the last two years and declared his invincible faith in the programe laid down by Mahatma Gandhi, including the three boycotts of schools and colleges, Courts and Councils. He also exhorted the audience to pay more attention to the constrative programme and thereby to prepare the country for the final stages of non-co-operation, viz., Civil Disobedience and non-payment of taxes. He said that while a few leaders were wavering in their faith and scheming ruinous changes the heart of the nation was sound and the people had as strong a faith as ever. He also briefly touched upon the international situation, which strongly related to the future of India with the future of Turkey and other Mohamadan States and even with the future of outside countries like Russia and said that the only way of salvation for India lay in faithfully expediting the programme of non-violent Non-co-operation. He paid a tribute to the brave Allies who had given practical prove of the fact that Mahatma Gandhi's teachings had really entered the heart of the nation. He appealed to the people to go prepared to the Gaya Congress and tolerate absolutely no going back in the programme, which he was sure would soon bring them to their goal.

MRS. NAIDU'S PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

The second sitting began at eighth in the night in which the President Mrs. Sarojini Naidu delivered an eloquent and impressive speech in Urdu. Although she was not well acquainted with the language of the province, she knew a language which was above all other languages—the language of national liberty. She asked the audience whether they wanted liberty or were prepared to live in bondage. Two things were prominent before the eyes of India—the victory of Mustafa Kemal Pasha and the immense sacrifices of the brave Akalis. If even these could not rouse them to make their lives worth living nothing else could. She had been informed that changes were contemplated in the non-co-operation programme and that prominent leaders were thinking once more of turning to a life of ease and putting on the garb of slavery. She wanted to know if the delegates assembled agreed with these leaders. She said that even if all the big leaders of the country deserted them she had nothing to fear. She asked if the spirit of sacrifice which they displayed during the last two years was dead. If not why that talk of despondency. Mahatma Gandhi promised Swaraj within a year provided the country completed his programme in a selfless spirit. She asked if they had yet completed the programme and given it a fair trial. She said that most of them had not yet fully understood even the meaning of Hindu-Muslim unity, of Swadeshi, and of the remaining item; of the programme.

PARTING OF THE WAYS.

Very soon it would be decided whether India would faithfully stick to this programme of nonviolent non-cooperation or not. She had no objection to people going to the Councils provided they went there like their Moderate friends and not as representatives of the people or in the name of Non-co-operation. But those who were thinking of the Councils should not even bring the word of Non-co-operation on their lips. She believed that the Non-co-operatos were traveling the path to freedom, while those who were thinking of the Councils were going the opposite way. It was a wonder how those whose bodies were too delicate for Khadi could tolerate the garb of shame and slavery. She believed that Khadi alone could be the dress of national honour and freedom and Swadeshi was their primary duty. She warned the Mahomedans that the victories of Kemal Pasha along could not solve the Khilafat question and that there could be no real solution of the problem except through Hindu-Muslim unity. If the Hindus wanted to organise themselves into a separate camp on account of the Moplah riot or the Multan occurrences, the rehabilitation of National honour would be impossible and liberty would be a mere dream.

"FOLLOW MAHATMA GANDHI."

It was their mutual misunderstandings that were making foreign rule possible. She told the audience that if they but once forgot these quarrels and entered upon the field of patriotism and sacrifice no Government could stand against them. They should further remember that their liberty was the liberty of Asia and their bondage the bondage of Asia, explaining clearly how Asia was one and how the freedom of one Asiatic country was dependent upon that of another. She told the audience that they were citizens not of India alone but of the world, that the eyes of the world were on them and that while Hindus and Mohammadans united could free the world, their disunion would be responsible for the world's bondago. At this stage she pathetically described the present helpless and miserable condition of India and again reverted to the question of Councils, exposing the hollowness of the arguments in favour of Council entry. She insisted that Swarajya could be obtained only through sticking to the programme of Non-co-operation, by organisation, unity and self sacrifice. She said it was easy to die but it was difficult to put up with the sufferings that the Akali brothers had to face. She repeatedly expressed her complete faith in the entire programme laid down by Mahatma Gandhi. As for Civil Disobedience, she remarked, that they should launch upon it only after measuring their strength and only after having gone a good way towards the completion of the constructive programme. She admired the discipline of Mustapha Kemal Pasha and urged its importance for India. Without discipline Civil Disobedieno should not be begun. She would leave for Dehra Dun the next day and wanted know before she left if they could give her message of hope and determination with a promise to complete the constructive programme. She wanted them to tell her plainly whether they meant to stick to Mahatma Gandhi's programme or—to prov faithless to him by making changes and entering the Councils. She knew that there would be two parties at Gaya one for Mahatma Gandhi's programme and the othe against it. Whoever amongst the leaders might desert them she was confident that the country would stand by Mahatma Gandhi.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

Two resolutions were passed one congratulating the country on the incarceration of Swami Shradhanand, Vice-Pesident, Delhi Provincial Congress Committee and the other calling upon the country to follow in their struggle for Swaraj. The example of the Sikhs, their discipline, their organisation and their non-violence under the most brutal provocation and assured the Sikhs that the province of Delhi is ever ready and anxious to help their Sikh brethren both with men and money.

The third sitting began at 1 p.m. on 28th October. The third resolution passed was one of condolence on the death of Babu Motilal Ghosh. The fourth congratulated provincial workers imprisoned during the last twelve months. The fifth dealt with the unfortunate occurrences at Multan and appealed to the country to maintain Hindu-Muslim unity and not to let such occurrences stand in the way of their joint efforts towards national liberation. The sixth asked the people to boycott the newly established village panchayats. The seventh congratulated the people of Muttra on their noble stand in spite of the illegal and indecent persecutions by the local authorities. The eighth congratulated Mustapha Kemal Pasha on his glorious victories and declared him the harbinger of the coming freedom of Asia.

FAITH IN N.-C.-O. AFFIRMED.

The ninth and tenth the most important resolutions of the session ran as follows. After the experience of the last two years this conference is firmly of opinion that under the present circumstances the one and the only way for India to fit herself for active participation in the protection of the Khilafat, for remedying the Punjab wrongs and for obtaining Swarajya is to bring to completion that programme of non-violent Non-co-operation, the foundation of which was laid by Mahatma Gandhi in the special session of the Congress at Calcutta. This conference reviews with pride the extraordinary progress that the country has made in character, organisation and in strength by so far following the above progamme. The boycott of Government educational institutions, of law courts and of Councils, the propagation of Khaddar, the removal of untouchability, and Hindu-Muslim unity have so far been the principal items of the Non-co-operation programme. Therefore this conference strongly recommends it to the people and the workers of province that for strengthening and consolidating their position with regard to the above items, they should immediately begin to organise and prepare the province for the remaining and the most important item of the Non-co-operation programme—namely civil disobedience and for undergoing all sufferings resulting therfrom. Also this conference expresses its full faith in the importance and necessity of the constructive programme and wishes to make it clear that in its opinion the following are necessary for successfully launching on the final stages of our non-violent struggle for liberty; (1) to complete the Congress organisation down to the villages by enrolling a number of whole time devoted national servants. (2) to spread the use of khaddi side by side with the complete boycott of foreign clothes and (3) to establish and maintain unity, love and equality amongst the various communities of the country.

Lastly this conference expresses its firm conviction that by thus progressive competition of the programme of non-violent Non-co-operation India will in the very near future reach its national goal.

After the resolution had been duly proposed and seconded Bi Amman made a pathetic appeal to the audience for the preservation of unity and for sacrifices in the cause of religion and country.,

PT. MALAVIYA'S SPEECH.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya then addressed the audience on the present situation in general. He advised them to postpone the consideration of such questions until the Gaya Congress especially in view of the report of the Enquiry Committee which is yet to be published. He appealed to the people to ollow only those items of the programme on which they could unite wi the Moderates and the Non-co-operators and dealt on the difficulty of real Hindu-Muslim unity. After this there was an interval for a couple of hours.

The Conference again began at 8 in the night when the discussion on the Non-co-operation resolution was resumed. After a long discussion the resolution was passed by an overwhelming majority, only a few dissenting. At the end Mrs. Sarojini Naidu in her closing speech expressed her satisfaction and pride in being able to carry to the country the brave message of the people of Delhi province contained in the last resolution passd by the conference. She appealed to them to do their utmost for the country and its liberty. Srijut Sunderlalji, Chairman, Reception Committee thanked the president, the workers, the delegates, visitors and lastly the volunteers for the help rendered by them all in making the conference a success. The meeting came to a close at 10-30 p.m. and immediately Mrs. Sarojini Naidu left for Dehra Dun.

MR. DAS IN LUCKNOW.

LEADERS IN CONFERENCE

(Associated Press.)

Lucknow, October 30.

Mr. C. R. Das and party reached here this morning.

The following message has been sent by Pandit Motilal Nehru to Hakim Ajmal Khan:—"Mr. Das is here staying till tomorrow. Your presence for consultation absolutely necessary. Please arrive to-morrow if possible. Try to bring Dr. Ansari, Prof. Ruchiram, Sahir Sunderlal, Arjunlal Sethi."

MR, C. R. DAS LEAVES LAHORE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, October 30.

Mr. C. R. Das left Lahore last night for Dehra Dun to attend the Provincial Conference there. He held a number of meetings with the members of the Congress Committee where future Congress programme was discussed and a series of questions were put to Mr. Das, who replied briefly to each question. The most important item of discussion was the entry of Non-Co-operators into Councila Opinion is equally divided on this point and this is the most important matter that is engaging the attention of the Congress leaders just at present. Mr. C. R. Das will of course, express his personal opinion on this question at the Congress at Gaya. The Reforms Act must either be ended or mended is stated to be the policy of these who favour the entry into the Council.

"KHILAFAT OR SULTANAT,"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to your to-day's article on the Sultanate or Turkey will you allow me to quote, for the present only two passages from an article by Charles T. Riggs of Constantinople, contributed to the "Moslem World" of January 1919?

(1) "A little over two years ago, a prayer specially drawn up by Enver Pasha, the Turkish Minister of War, was ordered to be recited every night by each soldier in the Turkish army. This remarkable document contains no reference whatever to Islam, and is a deliberate attempt to turn back the hands of the clock to pre-Moslem times. The translation follows:—

"Almighty God! Grant the Turks health, and unite all the Brethren in the benevolence of the Sultan. That thy power may be glorified, grant us the favour of the White Wolf. Thou, Young Turan, thou beloved Fatherland, we beseech thee to show us thy path. Our great ancestor Abhouz calls us. Almighty God, shed upon the Turks the blaze of thy light, that the path of Turan may be plain and dwellings be illuminated in every place and corner with a rosy glow" (p. 71).

(2) "For it is not Enver alone who has shown his defection from Mohammed. The former Grand Visier, Talaat, is of the so-called Deunmeh, or perverts from Judaism, a powerful group in Salonica who have furnished several chief men to the Young Turks, and of whose religious zeal the less said the better. Talaat is notoriously an irreligious man. With the collapse of the pan-Islamic bubble, these leading spirits have shelved religion and are trying to boom pan-Turanism instead." (p. 72).

The passages certainly corroborate your views regarding pan-Turanism, but they will also indicate one of my sources.—Yours, etc.

G. K. N.

Bombay, Oct. 28.

The Burmese Legislative Council is summoned for 7th and 14th November. At the meeting on the 7th the Burma Civil Bill will be introduced making necessary changes anticinatory of the erection of a High Court and the abolition of the Judicial Commissioner for Upper Burma and divisional courts. (A. P.).

Official and Personal.

The Governor of the Punjab arrived at Lahore on October 30th on conclusion of his tour.

Dr. Annie Besant is visiting Poona on Sunday next. Her programme includes besides the usual Theosophical engagements, a public lecture under the auspices of the Deccan Sabha on the subject of "Winning Home Rule" when the Hon. Dr. Paranjpye will preside.

His Excellency Sir George Lloyd attended the Police Service dinner at the Gymkhana Club, Poona, on Monday evening.

NEAR AND MIDDLE EAST ASSOCIATION.

The following letter appears in the "Saturday Review":—

"Sir,—May I venture to call the attention of your readers to the existence of the above Society, which forms a useful centre for focusing the interest and sympathies of those British subjects who are distressed by the pitiful exhibition of the present Government's handling of Eastern affairs, and are anxious to bring about a peaceful state of things in the Near and Middle East by urging principies of justice and fair dealing towards the Mahommedan world as well as towards the other nations concerned?

The Near and Middle East Association includes the names of many members of both Houses of Parliament, and of a large number of business men associated with Eastern trade. The subscription is almost nominal.

For the last four years the British Government, mainly owing to the interference of certain Minister in matters outside their own province, and to the combined obstinacy, subservience and indecision of others directly responsible, has steadily alienated the respect and aroused the enmity of the Moslem community. It has thereby created a serious danger to the Empire—not only in the Near East and Asia Minor, but in Egypt, Arabia and India as well. The recklessness of this course has only been equalled by the callous manner in which the Greeks, urged on by the Premier to an adventurous career in Smyrna and beyond, have now been left by him to bear the consequences of their folly in trusting to his word. And, to mend matters recourse is now had to the bellicose rattling of a sabre, which the common sense of the British nation, it is sincerely hoped, will never allow to be drawn.

Whatever may be the outcome of the present crisis, the Near and Middle East Association stands for the possession of Anatolia and Constantinople by the Turks; the peaceful evacuation by the Greeks of Eastern, and the creation of a neutral buffer state in Western, Thrace; the freedom of the Straits; guarantees for the protection of minorities—as long as they behave themselves; sympathetic but knowledgeable treatment of Moslem religious susceptibilities; the opening up of internal and external trade by practical economic methods; the elimination of Bolshevist interference; and the laying down—and adhering to—of a definite and broadmined policy in accordance with the principles of justice and British security.

I am, etc.,

Edward Gleichen

Acting Chairman, Near and Middle East Association.

7 St. James's Terrace, N.W.8.

A PROTEST FROM EGYPT.

The "Near East" publishes the following telegram from Tantah. Signed Dr. Hassan Kamel:—

"Egyptians renew vehement protest against the policy of repression which keeps in dark and painful loneliness our mandatory Zaghloul Pasha, in remote exile a number of our national heroes, who are left victims in that hellish island to dangerous diseases; and another group of our leaders in gloomy cells, where their health has been undermined This intimidatory policy, which suppresses all forms of liberty in Egypt, and is meant to stifle Nationalist movement, has only lent it new vigour and zeal. Such a policy only embitters relations beyond reconciliation. It is time to realise, as the rest of the world has, that the illstarred policy of February 28 has remarkably failed. You have tried every way leading to failure, and it remains for you to fall back on the only right way—the way of honest and sincere policy, which solves the question on basis of acknowledgment of our natural right to complete independence. At the same time we do not decline reasonable guarantees to foreign interests. Thus a precarious situation would be saved."

TRAIN COLLISION IN FRANCE.

LONDON, Oct. 29.

Paris.—Ten were killed and thirty injured in the collision between the Brest Express and a goods train at Chatelaudern (Cotes-du-Nord) station.

The sixth annual meeting of the Court of the Benares Hindu University will be held on Thursday the 30th proximo at 12 noon in the Arts College Hall, Benares for the transaction of the business noted below. Members are requested to kindly attend the meeting. Members of the Court who have not received the notice and the agenda are requested to write to the Secretary giving their full address.

Wonderful Astrologer

Mr. Rupachandra, B.A., Hindu Ashram, Lahore, writes on 10-10-12. "The perusal of THE HEAVENS UNVEILED has well-repaid me."

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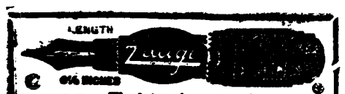

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(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

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No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot, bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.
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MALABAR DISTURBANCES.

STATEMENT OF SECRETARY OF CONGRESS ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.

The Hon. Secretary of the Malabar Disturbance Congress Enquiry Committee, 70, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, has issued the following statement to the Press, under Saturday's date:—My attention has been drawn to the singularly ill-informed and unjust attack by the Raja of Kollengode and his friends on the personnel and questionaire of the Molabar Disturbances Enquiry Committee. This attempt to discredit at the very outset a committee appointed by the most representative public body in the country and charged with a highly responsible and delicate task is unworthy of any person or body of persons claiming to speak in the name of the Hindu Community of Malabar and it is a pity that the Raja and his friends should have allowed themselves to be betrayed into a violent and reckless denunciation of a Committee consisting of men who have made their reputation by years of silent and self-sacrificing work in the cause of the country.

Mr. Abbas Tyabji, the chairman of the Committee, besides himself being a distinguished lawyer and an ex-High Court judge inherits from his great father, the late justice Badruddin Tyabji, the honourable traditions of regarding himself as an Indian first and Musalman afterwards. Mr. Setlur and Hakim Ajmal Khan Sahib the members of the Committee have been selected for their broad sympathies and representative character and are too well known in Malabar to be affected by this angry outburst.

So far as the questionaire is concerned the task of the Committee has been infinitely more difficult than that of the Raja and his fellow signatories. It is clear from their manifesto that they are avowed partizans and have made up their minds on the right and wrongs of the question; they may be right or they may be wrong; but the members of the Inquiry Committee are not in that happy position; while deeply conscious of the great tragedy of Malabar, they have taken no particular fact or incident for granted; they have assumed nothing and could not have assumed without stultifying themselves and their inquiry; if this attitude of the Committee is the only grievance of the Raja and his compatriots (and there does not seem to be any other) then they can expect no sympathy from the public and the Committee is powerless to help them.

The Hindu and the Moslem communities of Malabar may rest assured that the Committee is addressing itself to its work with an open mind, that it is ready and willing to know all that has happened, and that it is anxious to do justice to everyone and to promote harmony among all. Conscious of its high purpose the Committee confidently expects the co-operation of the public of Malabar in spite of any attempt that may be made to discredit its activities by ignorant or interested parties.

A SUKKUR INCIDENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
BOMBAY, Oct. 28.

As Mr. R. L. Gibson, Collector of Sukkur, Mr. R. T. F. Kirk, Sessions Judge and Mr. I. A. Taunton, Assistant Collector, were returning by motor-car to Sukkur from Choi on October 18th, they were fired on from the jungle. Mr. Kirk was hit in the arm and body, fortunately not seriously and several slugs struck the car which had stopped owing to an obstruction having been placed on the road.

POLO IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Oct. 23.

The Honorary Secretary, Calcutta Polo Club, announces that three Polo Tournaments will be held in Calcutta during the Christmas Week: (1) The Indian Polo Association Championship, (2) The American Tournament (both open to the whole of India) and (3) The Carmichael Tournament (open only to teams in Bengal, Behar and Orrissa and Asssam.)

The old polo concessions have been reverted to from the 1st of December, i, e, single journey fares for the return journeys and the Royal Calcutta Turf Club have agreed to pay fares of all teams competing.

COST OF CHAURI CHAURA CASE.

Replying to Babu Chhail Bihari Kapur's interpellation in U.P. Council to-day the Hon. Raja of Mahmudabad, Home Member, stated that the total amount of fees paid to the Special Counsel and Government Pleader engaged in Chauri Chaura case up to the date of its commitment to session was Rs. 30,007 of which Rs. 25,207 was paid to the Special Counsel alone.

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A FREE RETURN OCEAN PASSAGE
SAVE YOUR COUPONS
One in every Tin of Imperial Specials, Mentone, Turquoise and Arcady

LOTS OF "BUCK"

You'll find in a tin of "Imperial Specials" Cigarettes and practically no STALK in the Tobacco. You missed that time,—probably you were unsteady,—all agog with the excitement of the moment. Let a Special Imperial soothe your ruffled spirits and settle down to five minutes "smoke joy" before you tackle the next batch.

Imperial Specials
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES.
Ordinary Size Re. 1-4 per tin of 50, As. 4 per packet of 10 and Magnums, Rs. 1-8 per tin of 50.
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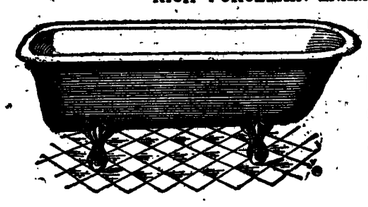

RICH PORCELAIN ENAMELLED BATHS, LAVATORIES, BASINS, CLOSETS, SINKS AND FANCY BATH ROOM FITTINGS; GALVANIZED, CAST IRON PIPES, FITTINGS, AND PLUMBER'S REQUISITES, Etc., Etc., in Stock.

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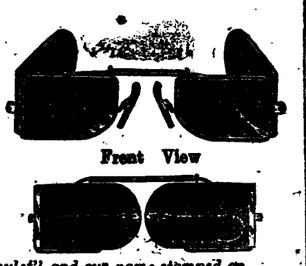

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Complete with Attachable Curlsides and new pattern Metal Case
SPECIAL TERMS TO DEALERS.
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Showing Attachable Sides.

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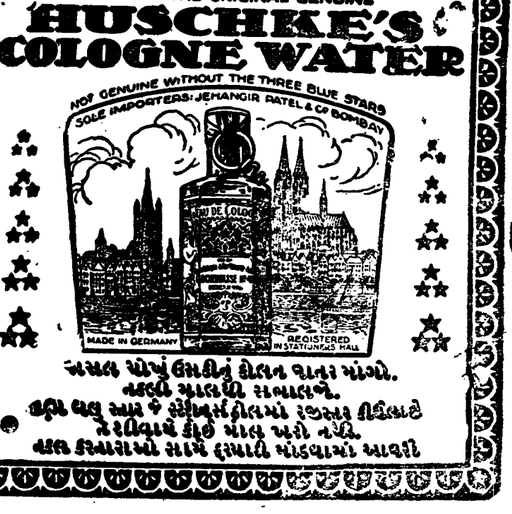
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I say! You fellows—what a sweat you're in. What's the hurry? There's just the right time to catch the train. Right time, did you say?.....why, of course, mine's a West End Watch. Never need worry about abstruse calculations with a West End Watch. No need to add or subtract a few minutes from what the watch says and then find you've made a mistake. A West End Watch is *always right*. Saves an awful lot of trouble in this clumsy climate, doesn't it?

The "HIRA"
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ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT FREE.

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of Hypophosphite of Lime

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Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

"There's no falling off -

IN THE DEMAND FOR

Bears' "HONEYDEW"

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UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF EMINENT AYURVEDIC PHYSICIANS OF VERY WIDE EXPERIENCE AND MANUFACTURERS OF BEST SASTRAIC MEDICINES FROM THE MOST VALUABLE INGREDIENTS, GUARANTEED, NEVER FAILING IN THE CURE OF ALL SORTS OF DISEASES WHICH HUMAN BEINGS ARE HEIR TO.

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Awarded First Class Certificates and GOLD MEDALS by the AYURVEDIC CONFERENCES & EXHIBITIONS, 1919, 1920, 1921 & 1922.

The Wonderful Discovery in the Medical World for all "ACUTE" & "CHRONIC" diseases.

This unparalleled and Ancient medicine is prepared in exact accordance with Ayurvedic and Western Modern Principles and carefully tested and standardised by expert analysts and found to be an unrivalled Elixir for the general prolongation of life, and particularly a guaranteed remedy for Nervous Debility, Skin Eruptions, Eczema, Vertigo, Loss of Nerve Power, Bodily Vigour, Memory and Appetite, Depression of Spirits, Constant Mental Misgivings, Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Insanity, Hysteria, Dropsy, Diabetes, Piles, Asthma, Consumption, Dyspepsia, all Uterine complaints, all sorts of Urethral discharges (Acute or Chronic), Irregular menses of all kinds nd all ill peculiar to men and women. This is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases resulting from Youthful Indiscretions and Loss of Vitality. It imparts New Life and Energy by increasing and purifying the blood. It contains such valuable Ingredients as Siddha Makaradhwaja, Mukta, Suvarna, Louha and Vegetable Drugs. This can be taken also as a Tonic by everyone of either sex without any restrictions of Diet, Season, or Climate. Complete directions are sent with Phial.

One Phial of 60 Pills, for a complete of cure, Price Rs. 10 (Rs. Ten) V. P. Charges Extra.

COMPLIMENTARY LETTERS

Out of Thousands of Unsolicited Testimonials from Gentlemen in various parts and professions, regarding the efficacy of our medicine "Siddha Kalpa Makaradhwaja" supplied by us, only a few of the latest are inserted here.

GUSTADJI D. ANKLESARIA, L. C. P. and S., Urinologist, Imperial Laboratory, Ahmedabad.
I administered your specific "Siddha Kalpa Makaradhwaja" to several of my patients and I will fully endorse what you claim for it as an all round general tonic, and a first class blood purifier.
It is hamatinic.
It is a good nervine tonic.
It is neither laxative nor constipative.
It is slightly carminative.
It increases the mental and muscular activity.
It is a good pick-me-up.
It is a good apetizer.
It does not interfere with a small peg of whisky.
It has no untoward effect.
It could be taken without bias or prejudice with safety and certainty. It could be chewed or powdered and thrown on the tongue and washed down with water or aerated water or any beverage.
Please send four more bottles.

K. ZALIM SINGH, Adviser to Raja Sahib, Sheopur-Baroda Gwalior State.
Gentleman, I have got no sufficient words to praise the "Siddha Kalpa Makaradhwaja." I should say it is the medicine which stands second to none.

RAMDASS AYURVEDIC PHARMACY, near Webster Market, Mangalore, S. K.
I very much appreciate the miraculous effect caused by your medicine "Siddha Kalpa Makaradhwaja" on administering to the patient.

B. VASUDEVA RAO, Station Master, B. N. Railway, Bhiwapur, P. O.
I used your pills S. K. M. to my sister who was suffering from CONSUMPTION which gave complete satisfaction. Please send one more phial.

REV. FATHER D. M. SILVA, O. S. B., St. Xavier's, N'Eliya, Ceylon.
I am glad to inform you that the last phial of S. K. M. you sent me has done a lot of good to the ASTHMATIC Patient. Please sent one more phial.

M. A. PATIL, L. C. P. S. Officer in Charge Dispensary, Manchikeri, Dt. Karwar, Bombay.
I am glad to inform you that the three phials of your S. K. M. which I got from you have given complete satisfaction to many of my patients. Please send one more phial.

M. KRISHNASWAMI NAIDU, Vellpalayam.
I have the pleasure to inform you that I have given two phials of your S. K. M. to some of my friends for Chronic venereal complaints and they find complete relief. Please send me two more phials.

T. GOPALA MUDALIAR, Tirupakuli, Conjeeveram.
I used your S. K. M. for Chronic Syphilis and Gonorrhoea and I find a miraculous relief in a very short period. Please send two more phials.

Y. V. SAMIAH, Salem.
Your S. K. M. worked well in my body and I feel strong like before, have good digestion, lost all Rheumatic pains, Nervous Debility and Urinary complaints.

T. VADIVELOO PILLAI, Andapuram, Salem.
Your S. K. M. has given me a very wonderful effect for Chronic Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility and it is this GOD send Sanjeevi medicine that has relieved me of this longstanding complaint.

P. RANGABASHIAM NAIDOO, Railway Mail Service, MADRAS.
I used your S. K. M. for Chronic venereal complaints and find a miraculous relief in a very short period. I have given the same pills to two of my friends suffering from ASTHMA and RHEUMATISM and I found a vast improvement in all respects of their systems. Please send two more phials.

S. VAIDISWARAN, Teacher, Pachiappa's College, MADRAS.
I find a miraculous relief in respect of my several ailments by the use of S. K. M. and I am now able to enjoy the pleasure of life.

C. V. SAMPATH IYENGAR MUNSIF, Kavali, Nellore.
I used your S. K. M. with complete satisfaction. Please send one more phial.

M. SRINIVASACHARIAR, Head Tamil Pandit High School, Chidambaram.
I used your S. K. M. for my Sister, a chronic Colic patient of 25 year's standing. She felt the effect of it at the very first dose. Before she finished the phial she was restored to her former health, the disease having been completely eradicated. In my opinion your S. K. M. is invaluable and a boon to suffering humanity.

K. P. SRINIVASAN, B.A., B.L., Vakil, Dindigal.
I have used your "S. K. M." and I have much pleasure in testifying to the efficacy. Within a few days of my using the pills I have been charged with Fresh Energy. The specific has done in my case all that has been advertised of it.

SATISH CHANDRA CHATTERJEE, Zemindar, Milkipur Post, Fyzabad.
I am under the treatment of your "S. K. M." and they gave me considerable health in adjusting my system. It is a good Tonic for General Debility. I have recommended it to many of my friends. Consequently I ask you to send another phial of "S. K. M."

PULLAPANT RAMACHANDRIAH, Inamdar, Kurnool.
I am glad to inform you that I offer my sincere thanks for the wonderful effect of "S. K. M." None can compete with this Sovereign Remedy for all the diseases of which more important are Gleet, and Syphillis, of all stages and suppression of Menstrual Discharges. Further I congratulate you on the Miraculous and Successful cure of both cases.

G. DORAISAMI, Compounder, Natham, Ramnad.
I really do not know how to express my heartfelt thanks to you for the medicine you supplied for my patients. I can say really the medicine "S. K. M." is sent by Lord Jesus Christ to the sinful World to save the poor victims from their dreadful diseases. In my 8 years' experience in the medical line I have come across with so many preparations of medicines but I have not seen such a Wonderful Medicine as "Siddha Kalpa Makaradhwaja."
Please send 10 phials more.

M. S. KRISHNAMACHARI, B.A., Secretariat, Madras.
Several of my friends and myself, have been using your "S. K. M." for over four months for Influenza, Lumbago, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, and Nervous Debility, with complete success. There has not been a case in which it failed. I will call it Ambrosia. I sincerely recommend this to the suffering public as a certain cure for the above mentioned diseases.

RAJ BIHARI LAL, Sub-Registrar, Hapur.
Your "S. K. M." proved a complete success in almost all the cases. Please send 5 more phials.

KARTICH SANYAL, THASILDAR, Kallangunja.
I used your "S. K. M." for Nervous Debility with satisfactory effect. Please send 4 more phials.

GOPALACHARIAR, Teacher, Wesley College, Madras.
Your "S. K. M." gave me instant relief after many medicines have failed. I dare say that this marvellous medicine is a sure remedy and will be a boon to suffering humanity.

T. Govinda Nair, Auditor, Office of the Assistant Financial Adviser and Local Auditor, Basrah.
I had several obstinate complaints which had completely enervated me a physical wreck. By chance I used your "S. K. M." and it has made a New Man with a Real Freshness of Vigour and Energy. He who seeks your Asylum for remedies is really Lucky.

T. D. SRINIVASACHARI, M.A., M.L., High Court Vakil, Madras.
I find miraculous cure by the use of your "S. K. M." and I am sure it will really prove a God-send to the suffering public.

T. V. SESHADRI, Pleader, Chidambaram.
I tried your "S. K. M." with uniform success in cases of Rheumatism, Paralysis and Dyspepsia of all kinds, vomiting and nervous debility of any kind and Asthma. This opinion of mine is based upon my solid experience for the past 5 years in various cases of ailments.

Wanted agents all over India, Burma & Ceylon, to sell our Medicine "Siddha Kalpa Makaradhwaja" and other preparations manufactured by our Pharmacy Terms Liberal. Please write for your reeuirements and our general catalogue. Consult free with

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MANAGING DIRECTOR AND SENIOR PHYSICIAN.

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